

1 and 2 Samuel Outline

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Serve and Equip

1 and 2 Samuel

Outline

1 Samuel

I.	The life and ministry of Samuel	1:1-8:22
A.	Samuel was born in answer to prayer	1:1-2:10
1.	Hannah had sorrow because she had no son	1:1-8
a.	the parents of Samuel are introduced	1:1-3
	1) his father came from Mount Ephraim	1:1
	2) his father had two wives	1:2
	3) his father was a godly man	1:3
b.	the parents went to the tabernacle to worship	1:4-8
	1) the family participated in worship	1:4
	2) the family had problems because of two wives	1:5-8
	the husband loved one wife more than the other	1:5
	the unloved wife provoked the wife that was loved	1:6
	the loved wife could not enjoy worship because of her sorrow	1:7
	the husband did not understand the sorrow of the loved wife	1:8
2.	Hannah made a vow to the Lord	1:9-18
a.	a praying parent can look to the Lord for help	1:9-11
	1) Hannah went to the tabernacle to pray	1:9
	2) Hannah poured out her inner feelings to the Lord	1:10
	3) Hannah made a vow to the Lord	1:11
b.	a praying parent may be misunderstood	1:12-14
	1) Eli observed Hannah praying	1:12
	2) Eli jumped to a false conclusion	1:13
	3) Eli made a false accusation	1:14
c.	a praying parent can look to the Lord for answers	1:15-18
	1) the response of Hannah	1:15-16
	she had poured out her soul to the Lord	1:15
	she had placed her sorrow with the Lord	1:16
	2) the reply of Eli	1:17
	3) the results in the life of Hannah	1:18

3.	Hannah saw the Lord answer her prayer	1:19-23
	a. a caring parent worships the Lord	1:19
	b. a caring parent honors the Lord	1:20
	c. a caring parent serves the Lord	1:21-23
	1) this service included faithful worship	1:21
	2) this service included proper care of her child	1:22
	3) this service included understanding between parents	1:23
4.	Hannah brought Samuel to the tabernacle	1:24-28
	a. an obedient parent worships the Lord	1:24-25
	1) this worship included preparation	1:24
	2) this worship included presentation	1:25
	b. an obedient parent expresses appreciation	1:26-27
	1) this appreciation was expressed to Eli	1:26
	2) this appreciation was expressed to God	1:27
	c. an obedient parent presented her child to the Lord	1:28
5.	Hannah gave praise to God for what He had done	2:1-10
	a. the prayer of Hannah recognized the greatness of God	2:1-3
	1) the Lord is the One who provides salvation	2:1
	2) the Lord is the One who is holy	2:2
	3) the Lord is the One who has all knowledge	2:3
	b. the prayer of Hannah recognized the sinfulness of man	2:4-5
	1) the Lord humbles those who depend on their own strength	2:4
	2) the Lord humbles those who depend on their riches	2:5
	c. the prayer of Hannah recognized that the Lord changes people	2:6-11
	1) the Lord is able to give life	2:6
	2) the Lord is able to lift up the lowly	2:7
	3) the Lord is able to meet the needs of the needy	2:8
	4) the Lord is able to give strength to the godly	2:9
	5) the Lord is able to give strength to godly leaders	2:10
	6) the Lord is able to give effective ministry to the godly	2:11

B.	Samuel grew up in the house of Eli	2:12-3:21
1.	Eli was a priest of God	2:11
2.	Eli had sons that did not know the Lord	2:12-17
a.	children can become worthless adults	2:12
b.	children can become leaders of false worship	2:13-17
	1) the priests had been given instructions for offering sacrifices	2:13-14
	2) the priests chose to satisfy their own desires	2:15
	3) the priests used force to satisfy their own desires	2:16
	4) the priests turned people away from true worship	2:17
3.	Eli saw God bless the parents of Samuel	2:18-21
a.	the Lord blessed the service of Samuel	2:18
b.	the Lord blessed the service of Hannah for Samuel	2:19
c.	the Lord blessed the parents through the words of others	2:20
d.	the Lord continued to bless the parents	2:21
4.	Eli had sons who would not listen	2:22-26
a.	Eli heard what his sons were doing	2:22
b.	Eli questioned them why they were doing those things	2:23
c.	Eli failed to question whether the report was true	2:24
d.	Eli had developed rebellious children who would not listen	2:25
e.	Eli had a living example of the influence of godly parents	2:26
5.	Eli was warned his family would lose the priesthood	2:27-36
a.	the consequences for Eli	2:27-30
	1) Eli had come from the family of priests	2:27
	2) Eli had been chosen to be the high priest	2:28
	3) Eli had chosen to put his sons before God	2:29
	4) Eli had failed to honor God by this choice	2:30
b.	the consequences for the family of Eli	2:31-33
	1) the family of Eli would see its strength broken	2:31
	2) the family of Eli would never have an old man again	
	3) the family of Eli would see its young men die in the prime of their lives	2:33
c.	the consequences for the two sons of Eli	2:34

2:32

- d. the consequences for the descendents of Eli 2:35-36
 - 1) the family would be removed from the priesthood 2:35
 - 2) the family would be forced to beg for bread 2:36
- 6. Eli recognized God was calling Samuel 3:1-10
 - a. the Lord was not known by most of the people 3:1
 - b. the Lord was looking for a person that was available 3:2-5
 - 1) Samuel was in the place where God had promised to meet the people 3:2-3
 - 2) Samuel was available to serve 3:4
 - 3) Samuel was eager to serve 3:5
 - c. the Lord was not yet known by Samuel 3:6-7
 - 1) Samuel heard the call of the Lord 3:6
 - 2) Samuel did not yet know the Lord 3:7
 - d. the Lord was looking for a person that would serve 3:8-10
 - 1) Samuel was being called by the Lord 3:8
 - 2) Samuel was encouraged to listen to the Lord 3:9
 - 3) Samuel was ready to serve the Lord 3:10
- 7. Eli heard what God had told Samuel 3:11-18
 - a. the Lord spoke with Samuel 3:11-14
 - 1) the Lord would cause the ears of Israel to tingle 3:11
 - 2) the Lord would do what He had spoken 3:12
 - 3) the Lord would judge Eli for failing to rebuke his children 3:13
 - 4) the Lord would judge the family of Eli for their sin 3:14
 - b. the Lord spoke through Samuel 3:15-18
 - 1) the ministry of Samuel 3:15
 - 2) the request to Samuel 3:16-17
 - Eli made the request to Samuel 3:16
 - Eli wanted to know all that God had said 3:17
 - 3) the message of Samuel 3:18
- 8. Eli saw Samuel become a prophet 3:19-21
 - a. Samuel was obedient to the Word of God 3:19

b.	Samuel was recognized as a prophet by the people	3:20
c.	Samuel was obedient in speaking the Word of God to the people	3:21
C.	Samuel saw the sons of Eli judged	4:1-22
1.	the decision to get the ark	4:1-4
a.	Israel went to fight against the Philistines	4:1
b.	Israel was being defeated by the Philistines	4:2
c.	Israel wondering why they were being defeated	4:3
d.	Israel viewed the ark of the Lord like it was magical	4:4
2.	the defeat of the army of Israel	4:5-11
a.	Israel shouted when the ark arrived	4:5
b.	Israel caused the Philistines to fear when they shouted	4:6-9
1)	the Philistines heard the shout of the people	4:6
2)	the Philistines were afraid of the God of Israel	4:7
3)	the Philistines had heard what God had done in Egypt	4:8
4)	the Philistines encouraged themselves to really fight against Israel	4:9
c.	Israel experienced judgment for rejecting God	4:10-11
1)	God showed Israel that the ark could not be treated as an idol	4:10
2)	God allowed the ark to be captured	4:11
3.	the death of Eli	4:12-18
a.	Eli was waiting for a message about the ark	4:12-15
1)	Eli was sitting by the road	4:12-13
2)	Eli heard the noise of the crying	4:14
3)	Eli was blind and could no longer see	4:15
b.	Eli was given the message about the ark	4:16-18
1)	Eli called the messenger to tell him about the battle	4:16
2)	Eli heard that the ark had been captured	4:17
3)	Eli fell off the wall and died	4:18
4.	the departure of the glory of God	4:19-22
a.	the sin of Phinehas brought grief to his family	4:19

- b. the sin of Phinehas brought death to his family 4:20
- c. the sin of Phinehas brought grief to the nation 4:21-22
 - 1) this grief was shown by the name given to the son 4:21
 - 2) this grief was shown because the ark was captured 4:22
- D. Samuel saw God judge the Philistines 5:1-6:21
 - 1. the Philistines were judged for taking the ark 5:1-12
 - a. God judged the god of the Philistines 5:1-7
 - 1) the ark was treated like a captured idol 5:1-2
 - the Philistines took the ark of God 5:1
 - the Philistines placed the ark in the house of the idol, Dagon 5:2
 - 2) the ark was used by God to demonstrate His power 5:3-4
 - the idol, Dagon, fell in front of the ark of God 5:3
 - the idol, Dagon, was destroyed in front of the ark of God 5:4
 - 3) the ark was used by God to defeat the worship of Dagon 5:5
 - b. God judged the Philistines 5:6-12
 - 1) the Lord judged the people of Ashdod 5:6-8
 - the ark of God brought judgment to the people of Ashdod 5:6
 - the ark of God brought fear to the people of Ashdod 5:7
 - the ark of God brought glory to God in Ashdod 5:8
 - 2) the Lord judged the people of Gath 5:9
 - 3) the Lord judged the people of Ekron 5:10-12
 - the people of Ekron were filled with fear 5:10
 - the people of Ekron felt the judgment of God 5:11
 - the people of Ekron were filled with grief 5:12
 - 2. the Philistines sent the ark back to Israel 6:1-21
 - a. the ark was no longer wanted by the Philistines 6:1-6

- 1) the Philistines suffered for seven months 6:1
- 2) the Philistines recognized their guilt 6:2-3
 - the Philistines decided to send away the ark 6:2
 - the Philistines decided to send a guilt offering with the ark 6:3
- 3) the Philistines chose to give glory to God 6:4-5
 - the Philistines realized that they were all guilty 6:4
 - the Philistines realized that only the true God could lighten their suffering 6:5
- 4) the Philistines chose not to harden their hearts 6:6
- 5) the Philistines chose to return the ark to Israel 6:7-9
 - the Philistines devised a plan to return the ark to Israel 6:7
 - the Philistines prepared an offering to send with the ark 6:8
 - the Philistines determined to rule out chance regarding the ark 6:9
- b. the ark was sent on a cart 6:10-12
 - 1) the ark was placed on a cart pulled by two cows 6:10-11
 - 2) the ark was taken straight to Israel by the cows 6:12
- c. the ark was received at Bethshemesh 6:13-18
 - 1) the people rejoiced to see the ark 6:13
 - 2) the people prepared sacrifices 6:14
 - 3) the people offered sacrifices 6:15
 - 4) the people found the guilt offering of the Philistines 6:16-18
 - the Philistines returned to their land 6:16
 - the Philistines sent the offering given by the leaders 6:17
 - the Philistines sent the offering given for the people 6:18
- d. the ark brought judgment at Bethshemesh 6:19-21
 - 1) the people were judged for looking in the ark 6:19
 - 2) the people were filled with fear 6:20
 - 3) the people prepared to send away the ark 6:21

- E. Samuel encouraged the people to return to the Lord 7:1-17
 - 1. the Lord saw the people do nothing for 20 years 7:1-2
 - a. the ark of God was placed in the house of Abinadab 7:1
 - b. the ark of the Lord was there for twenty years 7:2
 - 2. the Lord led Samuel to call the people together 7:3-8
 - a. the people were worshipping idols 7:3
 - b. the people were willing to put away their idols 7:4
 - c. the people confessed their sin to the Lord 7:5-6
 - 1) the people gathered to seek the Lord 7:5
 - 2) the people gathered to confess the sin 7:6
 - d. the people were fearful of the Philistines 7:7-8
 - 1) the people were afraid 7:7
 - 2) the people asked the Lord for help 7:8
 - 3. the Lord gave Israel a great victory 7:9-12
 - a. the Lord heard the prayer of Israel 7:9
 - b. the Lord confused the Philistines 7:10
 - c. the Lord gave Israel victory over the Philistines 7:11
 - d. the Lord was recognized as the help of Israel 7:12
 - 4. the Lord subdued the Philistines 7:13-14
 - a. the Philistines were defeated 7:13
 - b. the Philistines returned the cities they had taken from Israel 7:14
 - 5. the Lord blessed the ministry of Samuel 7:15-17
 - a. Samuel served the Lord his entire life 7:15
 - b. Samuel served the Lord in various places 7:16
 - c. Samuel served the Lord in his own home 7:17
- F. Samuel was asked to give Israel a king 8:1-22
 - 1. the people demanded a king 8:1-5
 - a. the people rejected the leadership of the family of Samuel 8:1-3
 - 1) the sons of Samuel were appointed as judges 8:1
 - 2) the sons of Samuel were judges in Beersheba 8:2

3)	the sons of Samuel were not faithful judges	8:3
b.	the people demanded a king so they could be like the other nations	8:4-5
1)	the leaders came to Samuel with their request	8:4
2)	the leaders wanted to be like the other nations	8:5
2.	the people were rejecting the Lord	8:6-9
a.	the people demanded a king	8:6
b.	the people were actually rejecting the rule of the Lord	8:7
c.	the people were serving other gods	8:8
d.	the people were to be warned about the consequences of their choice	8:9
3.	the people were warned about a king	8:10-18
a.	Samuel told the people the words of the Lord	8:10
b.	Samuel told the people the consequences of their choice	8:11-17
1)	a king would take their sons for his army	8:11
2)	a king would take their sons to do his work	8:12
3)	a king would take their daughters to do his work	8:13
4)	a king would take their fields	8:14
5)	a king would take their seed	8:15
6)	a king would take their servants	8:16
7)	a king would take their flocks	8:17
c.	Samuel told the people that the Lord would not hear	8:18
4.	the people wanted to be like the other nations	8:19-22
a.	the response of the people	8:19-20
1)	the people refused to listen	8:19
2)	the people demanded a king	8:20
b.	the response of the Lord	8:21-22
1)	the Lord heard their words	8:21
b)	the Lord agreed to give them what they wanted	8:22
II.	The Life, Ministry and Rejection of Saul	9:1-15:35
A.	Saul was chosen to be king	9:1-27
1.	the Lord caused the donkeys of Kish to get lost	9:1-10
a.	the introduction to Saul	9:1-2

- 1) Saul was the son of a mighty man of valor 9:1
 - 2) Saul was a handsome and tall man 9:2
- b. the seeking of Saul for his donkeys 9:3-5
 - 1) Saul was sent to find the donkeys 9:3
 - 2) Saul covered a large area seeking the donkeys 9:4
 - 3) Saul knew his father would become concerned 9:5
- c. the seeking of Saul for guidance 9:6-10
 - 1) the need for counsel 9:6
 - 2) the source for counsel 9:7-9
 - 3) the decision to seek counsel 9:10
- 2. the Lord caused Saul to look for Samuel 9:11-14
 - a. Saul asked if Samuel was home 9:11
 - b. Saul learned that Samuel had come to the city that day 9:12
 - c. Saul learned that Samuel would soon offer a sacrifice 9:13
 - d. Saul met Samuel walking toward them 9:14
- 3. the Lord told Samuel that Saul would become king 9:15-24
 - a. Samuel was told that Saul would be the king 9:15-17
 - 1) the Lord told Samuel what would happen 9:15
 - 2) the Lord told Samuel when it would happen 9:16
 - 3) the Lord told Samuel who would be king 9:17
 - b. Samuel told Saul that he would be the king 9:18-21
 - 1) Samuel met Saul at the gate 9:18
 - 2) Samuel introduced himself to Saul 9:19
 - 3) Samuel told Saul that all Israel desired him 9:20-21
 - Saul was the desire of the people 9:20
 - Saul came from the smallest tribe 9:21
 - c. Samuel made Saul the honored guest at the feast 9:22-24
 - 1) Samuel had a special place for Saul to sit 9:22
 - 2) Samuel had a special portion for Saul to eat 9:23
 - 3) Samuel had made special preparation for Saul 9:24
- 4. the Lord told Samuel to talk to Saul 9:25-27
 - a. Samuel talked with Saul that night 9:25

	b.	Samuel talked with Saul early in the morning	9:26
	c.	Samuel talked with Saul privately	9:27
B.		Saul was anointed as the king	10:1-27
	1.	Samuel told Saul the signs he would see	10:1-8
		a.	Samuel anointed Saul privately 10:1
		b.	Samuel told Saul the signs that would confirm his word 10:2-5
			1) Saul would meet two men that would tell him the donkeys were found 10:2
			2) Saul would meet three men going to Bethel 10:3
			3) Saul would receive gifts from the three men 10:4
			4) Saul would meet a company of the prophets 10:5
		c.	Samuel told Saul how he would be changed 10:6-8
			1) Saul would be changed into a different person 10:6
			2) Saul would know that God was with him 10:7
			3) Saul would be shown what to do through Samuel 10:8
	2.	Samuel had his prophecies fulfilled	10:9-13
		a.	Saul had his heart changed by God 10:9
		b.	Saul prophesied when the Spirit of God came upon Him 10:10-12
			1) the Lord caused Saul to prophesy 10:10
			2) the Lord caused the people to be surprised 10:11
			3) the Lord caused the people to ask if Saul was a prophet 10:12
		c.	Saul came to the high place 10:13
	3.	Samuel did not have his words revealed to Saul's uncle	10:14-16
		a.	the uncle questioned the servant of Saul 10:14
		b.	the uncle wanted to know what Samuel had said 10:15
		c.	the uncle did not learn about the kingdom 10:16
	4.	Samuel anointed Saul to be the king of Israel	10:17-27
		a.	Saul was chosen by lot 10:17-21
			1) Samuel called the people together 10:17-19
			the people came together at Mizpeh 10:17
			the people were reminded how God had blessed them 10:18

	the people were reminded that they were rejecting the Lord	10:19
2)	Samuel chose the king by casting lots	10:20-21
	the lots revealed that the king was to be from the tribe of Benjamin	10:20
	the lots revealed that Saul was to be the king	10:21
b.	Saul was recognized as king	10:22-25
1)	the new king was hiding among the baggage	10:22
2)	the new king was taller than all of the people	10:23
3)	the new king looked impressive to the people	10:24
4)	the new king heard the rules for the kingdom	10:25
c.	Saul experienced two different responses	10:26-27
1)	the men who followed God followed God's leader	10:26
2)	the men who rejected God rejected God's leader	10:27
C.	Saul saved the city of Jabesh-gilead	11:1-15
1.	The people of Jabesh-gilead were threatened by the Ammonites	11:1-3
a.	the men of Jabesh-gilead were told to become servants	11:1
b.	the men of Jabesh-gilead were told their right eye would be blinded	11:2
c.	the men of Jabesh-gilead asked for time	11:3
2.	the people of Jabesh-gilead were protected by Saul	11:4-11
a.	Saul heard about the need of Jabesh-gilead	11:4-5
1)	the people of Gibeah heard the bad news	11:4
2)	the people of Gibeah told Saul the bad news	11:5
b.	Saul had the Spirit of God come upon him	11:6
c.	Saul helped the men of Israel see the need to respond	11:7-8
1)	the men of Israel were called to battle	11:7
2)	the men of Israel were counted for battle	11:8
d.	Saul led the men of Israel to protect Jabesh-gilead	11:9-11
1)	the people of Jabesh-gilead heard that help was coming	11:9
2)	the people of Jabesh-gilead sent a message to the Ammonites	11:10
3)	the people of Jabesh-gilead saw their city protected	11:11

3.	the people recognized the leadership of Saul	11:12-15
a.	the people wanted to put the rejecters to death	11:12
b.	the people were encouraged to see the salvation of the Lord instead	11:13
c.	the people renewed the kingdom at Gilgal	11:14
d.	the people were filled with joy	11:15
D.	Saul had his appointment explained by Samuel	12:1-25
1.	Samuel reviewed the history of Israel	12:1-11
a.	Samuel reminded the people that he had been faithful	12:1-5
1)	he had given the people a king	12:1
2)	he had served the Lord since he was a child	12:2
3)	he had been a faithful leader	12:3-5
	his faithfulness was available to be examined	12:3
	his faithfulness was witnessed by the people	12:4
	his faithfulness was witnessed by the Lord	12:5
b.	Samuel reminded the people how they had forsaken the Lord	12:6-11
1)	the people had been brought out of the land of Egypt	12:6-8
	the Lord had appointed Moses and Aaron	12:6
	the Lord had done righteous acts	12:7
	the Lord had brought them out of Egypt	12:8
8)	the people had been delivered from their enemies by the Lord	12:9-11
	the people had forgotten the Lord	12:9
	the people had cried to the Lord	12:10
	the people had been delivered by the Lord	12:11
2.	Samuel reviewed the appointment of Saul	12:12-15
a.	Samuel reminded the people of their demand for a king	12:12-13
1)	the people had demanded a king	12:12
2)	the people had been given a king	12:13
b.	Samuel reminded the people of the choice before them	12:14-15

	1)	the Lord would bless them if they would obey	12:14
	2)	the Lord would be against them if they rebelled	12:15
3.		Samuel showed the people the power of God	12:16-19
	a.	the Lord would reveal His power	12:16
	b.	the Lord would reveal their wickedness	12:17
	c.	the Lord would reveal His discipline	12:18
	d.	the Lord would reveal Himself by answering prayer	12:19
4.		Samuel promised to pray for the people	12:20-25
	a.	Samuel encouraged the people to follow the Lord	12:20-21
		1) the people were encouraged to follow the Lord	12:20
		2) the people were encouraged not to turn aside	12:21
	b.	Samuel encouraged the people with the Lord's promises	12:22
	c.	Samuel encouraged the people by promising to pray for them	12:23
	d.	Samuel encouraged the people to fear and serve the Lord	12:24-25
		1) the Lord would do great things if they served Him	12:24
		2) the Lord would bring judgment if they did wickedness	12:25
E.		Saul was rejected by God	13:1-23
	1.	Israel saw Saul defeat the Philistines	13:1-4
		a. Saul began his reign over Israel	13:1
		b. Saul chose an army of three thousand men	13:2
		c. Saul heard that Jonathan had won a victory at Geba	13:3
		d. Saul called all Israel together	13:4
	2.	Israel was filled with fear	13:5-7
		a. the men of Israel heard a large army was coming	13:5
		b. the men of Israel hid in the rocks	13:6
		c. the men of Israel fled across the Jordan River	13:7
	3.	Israel saw Saul offer a sacrifice	13:8-10
		a. Saul waited seven days for Samuel	13:8
		b. Saul decided to offer sacrifices without waiting for Samuel	13:9
		c. Saul tried to hide his actions from Samuel	13:10
	4.	Israel heard Saul rejected as king	13:11-16

- a. Saul tried to place the blame on Samuel 13:11
- b. Saul tried to justify himself instead of confessing his sin 13:12
- c. Saul learned the consequences for failing to confess his sin 13:13-14
 - 1) he had failed to obey the Lord
 - 2) he would not have his kingdom continue 13:14
- d. Saul lost his effectiveness as a leader 13:15-16
 - 1) Saul had most of his army desert him 13:15
 - 2) Saul had the few left with him in Gibeah 13:16
- 5. Israel was defeated by the Philistines 13:17-23
 - a. the people of Israel experienced great loss 13:17-18
 - 1) the Philistines divided into three groups 13:17
 - 2) the Philistines went and took what they wanted 13:18
 - b. the people of Israel had no way to defend themselves 13:19-23
 - 1) the Philistines removed all of the blacksmiths 13:19-21
 - the men of Israel were unable to make swords and spears 13:19
 - the men of Israel were dependent on the Philistines 13:20
 - the men of Israel had to pay for every little farming tool to be sharpened 13:21
 - 2) the Philistines removed all the weapons of war 13:22-23
 - the Philistines took all the swords and spears 13:22
 - the Philistines built an army base at Michmash 13:23
- F. Saul saw Jonathan defeat the Philistines 14:1-52
 - 1. Jonathan had his trust in the Lord 14:1-7
 - a. Jonathan was a man of courage 14:1-3
 - 1) Jonathan was prepared to meet the Philistines 14:1
 - 2) Jonathan was with Saul at Gibeah 14:2
 - 3) Jonathan was not missed by the rest of the people 14:3
 - b. Jonathan knew the location of the Philistines 14:4-5
 - 1) the Philistines had an easy place to defend 14:4
 - 2) the Philistines controlled a very important pass 14:5
 - c. Jonathan knew the Lord would give victory through few 14:6-7

- 1) Jonathan knew the power of the Lord 14:6
 - 2) Jonathan knew he could depend on his armor bearer 14:7
2. Jonathan defeated a garrison of the Philistines 14:8-18
 - a. Jonathan knew the Lord would show whether to fight 14:8-10
 - 1) they would reveal themselves to the Philistines 14:8
 - 2) they would hear the words of the Philistines 14:9
 - 3) they would know the Lord would deliver the Philistines 14:10
 - b. Jonathan trusted the Lord to guide him 14:11-15
 - 1) the Lord showed Jonathan that he was to fight 14:11-12
 - the Philistines made fun of Jonathan 14:11
 - the Philistines invited Jonathan to come up 14:12
 - 2) the Lord gave Jonathan victory 14:13-14
 - the Lord caused the Philistines to fall 14:13
 - the Lord caused Jonathan to gain the victory 14:14
 - 3) the Lord caused the Philistines to become fearful 14:15
 - c. Jonathan had the Lord working through him 14:16-18
 - 1) Saul realized the Philistines were killing each other 14:16
 - 2) Saul realized that Jonathan was gone 14:17
 - 3) Saul told the priest to get the ark 14:18
 3. Jonathan saw God give a great victory 14:19-23
 - a. the Lord caused confusion among the Philistines 14:19-20
 - 1) Saul told the priest not to take time to seek God 14:19
 - 2) Saul and those with him went to the battle 14:20
 - b. the Lord gave Israel victory that day 14:21-23
 - 1) the Israelites with the Philistines joined Israel 14:21
 - 2) the Israelites in hiding joined Israel 14:22
 - 3) the Israelites were saved by the Lord 14:23
 4. Jonathan did not hear the oath of his father 14:24-32
 - a. the people feared Saul 14:24-26
 - 1) the people were warned of a curse 14:24

- 2) the people found honey which would give strength 14:25
 - 3) the people were afraid to eat 14:26
 - b. the people became weak 14:27-30
 - 1) Jonathan was strengthened by the honey 14:27-28
 - 2) Jonathan said that Israel could have won a great victory 14:29-30
 - c. the people won a victory 14:31-32
 - 1) the people defeated the Philistines 14:31
 - 2) the people began to eat the spoil 14:32
- 5. Jonathan saw his father build an altar 14:33-35
 - a. Saul heard what the people were doing 14:33
 - b. Saul told the people to kill the animals properly 14:34
 - c. Saul built an altar to the Lord 14:35
- 6. Jonathan was protected from his father 14:36-46
 - a. Saul sought the counsel of the Lord 14:36-37
 - 1) Saul made the decision to seek the counsel of the Lord 14:36
 - 2) Saul did not get an answer from the Lord 14:37
 - b. Saul sought to find out who had disobeyed 14:38-42
 - 1) Saul promised death for disobedience 14:38-39
 - Saul called the leaders together 14:38
 - Saul said that the guilty person would die 14:39
 - 2) Saul and Jonathan were chosen by lot 14:40-42
 - Saul told how they would cast lots 14:40
 - Saul prayed for a perfect lot 14:41
 - Saul cast lots until Jonathan was chosen 14:42
 - c. Saul was not allowed to kill Jonathan 14:43-46
 - 1) Jonathan said that he must die 14:43
 - 2) Saul also said Jonathan must die 14:44
 - 3) the people said that Jonathan would not die 14:45-46
- 7. Jonathan saw his father experience constant fighting 14:47-52
 - a. Saul won some great victories 14:47-48

	1)	Saul defeated enemies on every side	14:47
	2)	Saul defeated the Amalekites	14:48
	b.	Saul had his family introduced	14:49-51
		1) the children of Saul are introduced	14:49
		2) the wife of Saul is introduced	14:50
		3) the father of Saul is introduced	14:51
	c.	Saul was continually looking for soldiers	14:52
G.		Saul did not completely obey the command of God	15:1-35
	1.	the Lord told Saul to completely destroy Amalek	15:1-7
		a. Saul was commanded to completely destroy the Amalekites	15:1-5
		1) the Lord reviewed the sins of Amalek	15:1-2
		the Lord spoke to Saul through Samuel	15:1
		the Lord reminded Saul of the actions of Amalek	15:2
		Exodus 17:8-14; Deuteronomy 25:17-19	
		2) the Lord commanded the complete destruction of Amalek	15:3-5
		Saul heard the command to completely destroy Amalek	15:3
		Saul gathered the army to fight against Amalek	15:4
		Saul came to the city of the people of Amalek	15:5
		b. Saul was disobedient to the commandment of the Lord	15:6-7
		1) Saul showed kindness to the Kenites	15:6
		2) Saul killed many of the Amalekites	15:7
	2.	the Lord saw the disobedience of Saul	15:8-13
		a. Saul saved the king of the Amalekites	15:8
		b. Saul saved the good animals of the Amalekites	15:9
		c. Saul tried to blame the people for his failure	15:10-13
		1) Samuel is told of Saul's failure	15:10-11
		the Lord spoke to Samuel	15:10
		the Lord told Samuel what Saul had done	15:11
		2) Samuel was sent to speak to Saul	15:12-13

	Samuel was told where to find Saul	15:12
	Samuel went and spoke to Saul	15:13
3.	the Lord heard Saul blame the people for his disobedience	15:14-21
	a. Saul had his sin pointed out to him	15:14-15
	1) Saul heard that what he had done was sin	15:14
	2) Saul blamed the people and claimed that he obeyed	15:15
	b. Saul learned what God says about rebellion	15:16-19
	1) Saul heard that God had talked to Samuel	15:16
	2) Saul was reminded how the Lord had chosen him	15:17
	3) Saul was reminded how the Lord had commanded him to destroy Amalek	15:18
	4) Saul was reminded of his disobedience	15:19
	c. Saul continued to claim obedience	15:20-21
	1) Saul said that he had obeyed the Lord	15:20
	2) Saul said that the people had taken the spoil	15:21
4.	the Lord told Saul the consequences of his rebellion	15:22-33
	a. Saul heard how God viewed rebellion	15:22-23
	1) God prefers obedience to sacrifice	15:22
	2) God saw rebellion the same as witchcraft, iniquity and idolatry	15:23
	b. Saul showed false repentance	15:24-26
	1) Saul said that he feared the people	15:24
	2) Saul wanted Samuel to worship with him	15:25
	3) Saul had rejected the word of the Lord	15:26
	c. Saul tore the robe of Samuel	15:27-29
	1) Samuel had his robe torn by Saul	15:27
	2) Samuel said the kingdom of Saul would be torn from him	15:28
	3) Samuel said that God keeps His word	15:29
	d. Saul still wanted honor	15:30-31
	1) Saul wanted Samuel to honor him before the elders	15:30
	2) Saul wanted Samuel to worship with him	15:31
	e. Saul saw Samuel complete the judgment of Agag	15:32-33

	1)	Agag thought that he had escaped judgment	15:32
	2)	Agag reaped just as he had sown	15:33
5.		the Lord regretted that He had made Saul king	15:34-35
	a.	Samuel went to his own house	15:34
	b.	Samuel mourned because of the rebellious spirit of Saul	15:35
III.		The life and rise of David and the decline of Saul	16:1-31:13
A.		David was anointed as king	16:1-23
	1.	the Lord sent Samuel to anoint David as king	16:1-5
		a.	Samuel mourned the failure of Saul 16:1
		b.	Samuel was told to offer a sacrifice in Bethlehem 16:2-3
			1) Samuel was to offer the sacrifice 16:2
			2) Samuel was to invite Jesse to the sacrifice 16:3
		c.	Samuel was obedient to the commandment of the Lord 16:4-5
			1) Samuel went to Bethlehem to offer the sacrifice 16:4
			2) Samuel invited the family of Jesse to the sacrifice 16:5
	2.	the Lord looks on the heart	16:6-7
		a.	Samuel looked first at the outward appearance 16:6
		b.	Samuel learned what is important to God 16:7
	3.	the Lord told Samuel to anoint David	16:8-13
		a.	Samuel was told that God had not chosen the older seven sons of Jesse 16:8-10
		b.	Samuel told Jesse to send for David 16:11
		c.	Samuel anointed David to be the king 16:12-13
			1) David was anointed to be the next king 16:12
			2) David had the Spirit of God come upon him 16:13
	4.	the Lord took His Spirit away from Saul	16:14-18
		a.	Saul was troubled by an evil spirit 16:14
		b.	Saul was encouraged to find a skillful player of the harp 16:15-16

	1)	Saul was told why he was troubled	16:15
	2)	Saul was told what to do when he was troubled	16:16
c.		Saul gave a command to find a skillful harp player	16:17-18
	1)	Saul ordered his servants to find a skillful harp player	16:17
	2)	Saul was told of the ability of David	16:18
5.		the Lord brought David into the court of Saul	16:19-23
a.		Saul instructed Jesse to send David to him	16:19-20
	1)	David was requested by Saul	16:19
	2)	David went with gifts for Saul	16:20
b.		Saul instructed Jesse to let David stay with him	16:21-22
	1)	Saul made David his armor-bearer	16:21
	2)	Saul asked for David to remain with him	16:22
c.		Saul was refreshed by the ministry of David	16:23
B.		David was used by God to defeat Goliath	17:1-58
1.		Goliath was defying the army of Israel	17:1-11
a.		Israel was arranged in battle against the Philistines	17:1-3
	1)	the Philistines entered the land to fight against Israel	17:1
	2)	the Philistines were met by Saul and his army	17:2
	3)	the Philistines were separated from Israel by a valley	17:3
b.		Israel was filled with fear by the words of Goliath	17:4-11
	1)	Goliath was a man of great size	17:4-7
		Goliath was 9 feet, 9 inches tall	17:4
		Goliath was wearing armor that weighed about 125 pounds	17:5-6
		Goliath had a spear whose head weighed about 16 pounds	17:7
	2)	Goliath was a man of great fighting ability	17:8-9
		Goliath was ready to fight any man of Israel	17:8
		Goliath was positive he could defeat any man of Israel	17:9

- 3) Goliath was a man of great words 17:10-11
 - Goliath spoke words that defied the army of Israel 17:10
 - Goliath spoke words that brought fear to the army of Israel 17:11
- 2. Goliath did not know that God was bringing David to fight 17:12-19
 - a. David was from the family of Jesse 17:12-14
 - 1) David was from a family of eight sons 17:12
 - 2) David had three older brothers in the army of Saul 17:13
 - 3) David was the youngest of the eight sons 17:14
 - b. David was willing to do whatever God had for him 17:15-19
 - 1) David went back to feeding his father's sheep 17:15
 - 2) David did not hear the boasting of Goliath 17:16
 - 3) David was sent to take food to his brothers 17:17-19
- 3. Goliath defied Israel again 17:20-32
 - a. David was sent to the battlefield 17:20-22
 - 1) David came to the battlefield as they were getting ready to take their positions 17:20
 - 2) David saw the armies get into position 17:21
 - 3) David left his baggage with the keeper of baggage 17:22
 - b. David was introduced to Goliath 17:23-25
 - 1) David heard the words of Goliath 17:23
 - 2) David saw the fear of the men of Israel 17:24
 - 3) David heard about the reward for the one who killed Goliath 17:25
 - c. David said that Goliath was defying God 17:26-27
 - 1) David spoke to the men of Israel 17:26
 - 2) David listened to the men of Israel 17:27
 - d. David was mocked by his brothers 17:28-30
 - 1) David was accused of having an evil heart 17:28
 - 2) David asked what he had done wrong 17:29-30
 - e. David was taken to Saul 17:31
- 4. Goliath did not know David was preparing to fight him 17:32-37
 - a. David told Saul that he would go and fight Goliath 17:32-33

- 1) David wanted to free the people from fear 17:32
 - 2) David was told that he was not a man of war 17:33
- b. David said that God had delivered him in the past 17:34-35
- c. David said that God would deliver him in the present 17:36-37
 - 1) David would fight the one who defied the armies of God 17:36
 - 2) David would depend on the Lord to deliver him 17:37
- 5. Goliath heard that God was in control 17:38-46
 - a. David was told to put on the armor of Saul 17:38-39
 - 1) David had the armor of Saul placed on him 17:38
 - 2) David said he could not use the armor of Saul 17:39
 - b. David took his weapon for the battle 17:40
 - c. David was mocked by Goliath 17:41-44
 - 1) Goliath came to meet David 17:41
 - 2) Goliath looked at David with contempt 17:42
 - 3) Goliath cursed David by his gods 17:43
 - 4) Goliath promised to feed David to the birds and animals 17:44
 - d. David answered the words of Goliath 17:45-47
 - 1) David said that he depended on the Lord of hosts 17:45
 - 2) David said that the whole world would know that there was a God in Israel 17:46
 - 3) David said that the battle was the Lord's 17:47
- 6. Goliath was killed by David 17:48-58
 - a. David won the victory over Goliath 17:48-51
 - 1) David ran to meet Goliath 17:48
 - 2) David used a stone to hit Goliath in the head 17:49
 - 3) David won the victory over Goliath 17:50
 - 4) David cut off the head of Goliath 17:51
- 7. Goliath could no longer give courage to the Philistines 17:52-58
 - a. David gave courage to the army of Israel 17:52-54
 - 1) the army of Israel chased the Philistines 17:52
 - 2) the army of Israel took the possessions of the

	Philistines	17:53-54
b.	David had to tell Saul the name of his family	17:55-58
	1) Saul did not remember the name of the father of David	17:55
	2) Saul sent a messenger to learn the name of the father of David	17:56
	3) Saul had David brought to him	17:57
	4) Saul asked David the name of his father so that he could reward him	17:58
C.	David was loved by Jonathan	18:1-20:42
	1. the Lord had Jonathan to make a covenant with David	18:1-4
	a. David and Jonathan developed a great love for each other	18:1
	b. David was no longer allowed to return home	18:2
	c. David and Jonathan made a covenant together	18:3
	d. David received the robe and weapons of Jonathan	18:4
	2. the Lord protected David from Saul	18:5-16
	a. Saul heard the women praise David for his success	18:5-9
	1) David was accepted by all of the people	18:5
	2) David was honored when he returned from the battlefield	18:6-7
	the women provided a musical reception	18:6
	the women spoke in praise of David	18:7
	3) David was envied by Saul because of this praise	18:8-9
	the praise of the women caused Saul to become angry	18:8
	the praise of the women caused Saul to become envious	18:9
	b. Saul tried to kill David twice	18:10-11
	1) Saul was tormented by an evil spirit	18:10
	2) Saul threw his javelin at David twice	18:11
	c. Saul became more and more fearful of David	18:12-16
	1) Saul was afraid because the Lord was not with him	18:12
	2) Saul was afraid to have David in his presence	18:13
	3) Saul was afraid as he saw David act wisely	18:14-16

	David was depending on the Lord	18:14
	David was behaving himself wisely	18:15
	David was loved by the people	18:16
3.	the Lord gave Michal a love for David	18:17-30
	a. David was promised the daughter of Saul for a bride	18:17-21
	1) Saul promised to give Merab to David as a bride again (see 1 Samuel 17:25)	18:17-18
	Saul thought the Philistines would kill David	18:17
	Saul had promised to make David his son-in-law	18:18
	2) Saul broke his promise by giving Merab to Adriel	18:19
	3) Saul promised to give Michal to David	18:20-21
	Saul learned that Michal loved David	18:20
	Saul wanted to use Michal to again try to destroy David	18:21
	b. David received Michal as his wife	18:22-30
	1) Saul planned his trap to destroy David	18:22-25
	Saul had his servants tell David that he delighted in him	18:22
	Saul had his servants speak for him	18:23
	Saul had his servants tell him the response of David	18:24
	Saul had his real motives recognized by God	18:25
	2) Saul saw God ruin his trap for David	18:26-27
	David was pleased to learn the requirements to receive Michal	18:26
	David fulfilled the requirements and received Michal	18:27
	3) Saul became even more fearful of David	18:28-30
	Saul knew that the Lord was with David	18:28
	Saul now treated David as an enemy	18:29
	Saul saw that David was acting wisely	18:30
4.	the Lord protected David three more times	19:1-24
	a. Saul asked Jonathan to kill David	19:1-7
	1) Jonathan warned David of the evil plan of Saul	19:1-3

	Jonathan heard the evil plan of his father	19:1
	Jonathan told David of the evil plan of his father	19:2
	Jonathan told David how he would try to change the evil plan of his father	19:3
2)	Jonathan reminded Saul of the good David had done	19:4-7
	Jonathan spoke to Saul about David	19:4-5
	Jonathan got Saul to promise not to kill David	19:6
	Jonathan brought David back into the presence of Saul	19:7
b.	Saul tried to kill David himself	19:8-10
1)	David won another great victory for Israel	19:8
2)	David was playing the harp while Saul was under the influence of the evil spirit	19:9
3)	David had Saul attempt to kill him again	19:10
c.	Saul sent men to catch David in his sleep	19:11-24
1)	the Lord caused Saul's messengers to be deceived	19:11-17
	Michal warned David he must flee that night	19:11
	Michal helped David escape through a window	19:12
	Michal deceived the messengers of her father	19:13-16
	Michal lied to her father	19:17
2)	the Lord led David to flee to Samuel	19:18-19
	David stayed with Samuel in Naioth	19:18
	David learned that Saul found out where he was	19:19
3)	the Lord caused the messengers of Saul to prophesy	19:20-21
	Saul sent a group of messengers and they prophesied	19:20
	Saul sent two more groups of messengers and they also prophesied	19:21
4)	the Lord caused Saul to prophesy	19:22-24
	Saul went looking for David	19:22
	Saul had the Spirit of God cause him to prophesy	19:23
	Saul even prophesied in front of Samuel	19:24
5.	the Lord saw Jonathan and David renew their covenant	20:1-42
a.	Jonathan promised to question Saul	20:1-10

- 1) David asked what he was doing wrong 20:1-2
 - Jonathan was asked by David what David was doing wrong 20:1
 - Jonathan was sure Saul was not trying to hurt David 20:2
- 2) David told Jonathan what he was feeling 20:3-4
 - Jonathan learned that David felt that he was in real danger 20:3
 - Jonathan was willing to do whatever he could to help 20:4
- 3) David suggested a way that Jonathan could help 20:5-7
 - David told Jonathan that he would hide 20:5
 - David told Jonathan what to tell his father 20:6
 - David told Jonathan how to determine the attitude of his father 20:7
- 4) David heard Jonathan promise that he would help 20:8-11
 - Jonathan was reminded of their covenant 20:8
 - Jonathan promised to tell if his father planned evil 20:9
 - Jonathan showed David where he would give him the message 20:10-11
- b. Jonathan and David renewed their covenant 20:12-23
 - 1) Jonathan said he would protect David 20:12-13
 - Jonathan promised to learn how his father felt toward David 20:12
 - Jonathan promised to protect David from his father 20:13
 - 2) Jonathan was concerned for his entire family 20:14-15
 - Jonathan asked David to show kindness to him 20:14
 - Jonathan asked David to show kindness to his children 20:15
 - 3) Jonathan had a great love for David and his family 20:16-17
 - Jonathan made a covenant with the house of David 20:16
 - Jonathan loved David as he loved himself 20:17
 - 4) Jonathan put his love for David into action 20:18-23
 - Jonathan told David he would be missed by Saul 20:18

	Jonathan told David to go to the stone Ezel	20:19
	Jonathan said he would shoot three arrows	20:20
	Jonathan would give a message if David was safe	20:21
	Jonathan would give a different message to warn of danger	20:22
	Jonathan told David that the covenant was forever	20:23
c.	Jonathan was nearly killed by Saul	20:24-34
	1) Jonathan knew that David would be missed	20:24-26
	David hid himself from Saul	20:24
	David was not present as he usually was	20:25
	David was missed by Saul	20:26
	2) Jonathan told Saul why David was not present	20:27-29
	Jonathan was asked why David was not present	20:27
	Jonathan told of the request of David	20:28
	Jonathan told why David said he was going to Bethlehem	20:29
	2) Jonathan saw the anger of his father	20:30-34
	Jonathan was condemned by his father	20:30
	Jonathan was told that David must die	20:31
	Jonathan asked his father what David had done wrong	20:32
	Jonathan was nearly killed by his own father	20:33
	Jonathan left the table in great anger	20:34
d.	Jonathan warned David to flee from Saul	20:35-42
	1) Jonathan went to the field where David was hiding	20:35
	2) Jonathan gave the promised message	20:36-40
	Jonathan shot his arrow beyond the boy	20:36
	Jonathan told the boy the arrow was beyond him	20:37
	Jonathan told the boy to hurry and gather the arrows	20:38
	Jonathan had actually given the message to David	20:39
	Jonathan sent the boy back to the city	
	3) Jonathan and David promise to keep their covenant	20:41-42
	Jonathan and David show their sorrow at leaving one another	20:41
	Jonathan and David speak one more time of their covenant	20:42

20:40

	D.	David fled from Saul to save his life	21:1-22:23
	1.	the Lord provided food and a sword for David	21:1-9
	a.	David and his men have no food	21:1-2
21:1		1) David had come without the regular army under him	
		2) David said he was on a special mission	21:2
	b.	David and his men asked the priest for food	21:3
	c.	David and his men learned that the only bread available was the shewbread	21:4-6
		1) the priests asked if they were ceremonially clean	21:4
		2) the priests learned they were ceremonially clean	21:5
		3) the priests gave them the shewbread	21:6
	d.	David and his men were observed by Doeg	21:7
	e.	David was provided with a sword	21:8-9
		1) David told of his need for a sword	21:8
		2) David learned the sword of Goliath was available	21:9
	2.	the Lord saw David act as a mad man	21:10-15
	a.	David fled to the king of Gath	21:10
	b.	David heard the words of the people of Gath	21:11-12
		1) David heard the people talk of his great victories	21:11
		2) David became very fearful	21:12
	c.	David was protected by acting insane	21:13-15
		1) David acted as if he was insane	21:13
		2) David was believed to be insane	21:14
		3) David was rejected for being insane	21:15
	3.	the Lord gathered a team of men to David	22:1-5
	a.	David escaped to a cave	22:1
	b.	David was joined by 400 needy men (the needy men eventually became David's mighty men)	22:2
	c.	David arranged for the protection of his parents	22:3-4

- 1) David talked to the king of Moab 22:3
 - 2) David brought his parents to the king of Moab 22:4
 - d. David was obedient to the prophet of the Lord 22:5
- 4. the Lord saw Saul kill the priests 22:6-23
 - a. Saul asked his servants for help 22:6-8
 - 1) Saul gathered his men around him 22:6
 - 2) Saul appealed to their greed 22:7
 - 3) Saul accused them of conspiring against him 22:8
 - b. Saul heard the priests had helped David 22:9-11
 - 1) Saul heard Doeg tell how David came to Ahimelech 22:9
 - 2) Saul heard Doeg tell how Ahimelech helped David 22:10
 - 3) Saul ordered the priests to come to him 22:11
 - c. Saul ordered the death of the priests 22:12-16
 - 1) Saul ordered the priests to listen to him 22:12
 - 2) Saul accused Ahimelech of conspiring with David 22:13
 - 3) Saul was reminded by Ahimelech that David was an honorable man 22:14
 - 4) Saul heard Ahimelech say that he knew nothing 22:15
 - 5) Saul said that Ahimelech must die 22:16
 - d. Saul had Doeg kill the priests 22:17-19
 - 1) Saul ordered his soldiers to kill the priests 22:17
 - 2) Saul ordered Doeg to kill the priests 22:18
 - 3) Saul ordered the destruction of the city of the priests 22:19
 - e. Saul did not succeed in killing Abiathar 22:20-23
 - 1) Abiathar escaped and fled to David 22:20
 - 2) Abiathar told David what Saul had done 22:21
 - 3) Abiathar heard that David felt guilt because of what had happened 22:22
 - 4) Abiathar was invited to stay with David 22:23
- E. David saved Keilah from the Philistines 23:1-29
 - 1. the Lord used David to protect Keilah 23:1-6
 - a. David sought the will of the Lord 23:1-4
 - 1) David heard that the Philistines were robbing the people of Keilah 23:1
 - 2) David asked the Lord if he should smite the

	Philistines	23:2
	3) David took time to listen to the fears of his men	23:3
	4) David again asked the Lord what to do	23:4
b.	David won a great victory over the Philistines	23:5
c.	David had Abiathar join him at Keilah	23:6
2.	the Lord warned David that Keilah would not protect him	23:7-15
a.	David was warned the men of Keilah would turn him over to Saul	23:7-12
	1) David knew that Saul would learn he was at Keilah	23:7-8
	Saul heard that David was at Keilah	23:7
	Saul gathered the army to fight against David	23:8
	2) David knew that Saul would try to do evil again	23:9-12
	David knew that Saul would plan evil	23:9
	David asked the Lord if Saul would try to destroy Keilah	23:10-11
	David asked the Lord if the men of Keilah would turn him over to Saul	23:12
	3) David saw that Saul wanted to destroy him	23:13-15
	David escaped from the city of Keilah	23:13
	David was daily protected by the Lord	23:14
	David saw that Saul was trying to kill him	23:15
3.	the Lord used Jonathan to encourage David	23:16-18
a.	Jonathan encouraged David in God	23:16
b.	Jonathan told David that God would make him king	23:17
c.	Jonathan and David made a covenant before the Lord	23:18
4.	the Lord protected David in the wilderness	23:19-29
a.	Saul was promised help by the people of Ziph	23:19-23
	1) Saul had messengers come from Ziph	23:19
	2) Saul heard that they would deliver David into his hand	23:20
	3) Saul said that they were blessed of the Lord	23:21
	4) Saul told them to find all of the hiding places of David	23:22-23
b.	Saul took his army to search for David	23:24-26

	1)	Saul sent the men of Ziph ahead to spy	23:24
	2)	Saul heard that David was in the wilderness of Maon	23:25
	3)	Saul and his men were just around the mountain from David	23:26
	c.	Saul was called away from chasing David	23:27-29
	1)	Saul heard that the Philistines had invaded Israel	23:27
	2)	Saul was forced to stop chasing David	23:28
	3)	Saul was forced to allow David to escape	23:29
F.		David showed mercy to Saul at Engedi	24:1-22
	1.	Saul was spared by David	24:1-7
	a.	Saul returned from fighting the Philistines	24:1-2
	1)	Saul heard that David was in the wilderness of Engedi	24:1
	2)	Saul took his best soldiers to seek David	24:2
	b.	Saul went into a cave to rest	24:3
	c.	Saul had his life spared by David while he was in the cave	24:4-7
	1)	David cut off the edge of Saul's robe	24:4
	2)	David felt guilty for cutting off the edge of Saul's robe	24:5
	3)	David said he would not touch the Lord's anointed	24:6
	4)	David persuaded his men not to kill Saul	24:7
	2.	Saul learned that David had spared him	24:8-15
	a.	David showed his respect for Saul	24:8
	b.	David said that he had spared the life of Saul	24:9-11
	1)	David told Saul he was listening to the wrong counselors	24:9
	2)	David told Saul that he had spared Saul	24:10
	3)	David told Saul that he had rebellion in his heart	24:11
	c.	David said that the Lord would plead his cause	24:12-15
	1)	David said he would not lift his hand against Saul	24:12
	2)	David said that wickedness comes from the wicked	24:13
	3)	David said that he was harmless	24:14
	4)	David said that the Lord would deliver him	24:15
	3.	Saul stopped chasing David for a time	24:16-22

- a. Saul lifted up his voice and wept 24:16
 - b. Saul realized that David was righteous 24:17-19
 - 1) Saul said that he had done evil 24:17
 - 2) Saul said that David had not tried to kill him 24:18
 - 3) Saul said that the Lord would reward David 24:19
 - c. Saul asked David not to completely destroy his family 24:20-22
 - 1) Saul said that he knew David would be king 24:20
 - 2) Saul asked David to promise to spare his family 24:21
 - 3) Saul then returned to his home 24:22
- G. David took Abigail as his wife 25:1-44
- 1. Abigail was the wife of Nabal 25:1-9
 - a. David and his men heard that Samuel had died 25:1
 - b. David heard that Nabal was shearing his sheep 25:2-4
 - 1) Nabal was a very rich man 25:2
 - 2) Nabal had a wise and beautiful wife 25:3
 - 3) Nabal was shearing his sheep 25:4
 - c. David sent his servants with a greeting of peace 25:5-6
 - d. David asked Nabal to show concern for his men 25:7-9
 - 1) the men of David had protected the flocks of Nabal 25:7
 - 2) the men of David had a need for help 25:8
 - 3) the men of David spoke to Nabal 25:9
 - 2. Abigail heard how Nabal treated the men of David 25:10-17
 - a. Nabal accused David of rebellion 25:10
 - b. Nabal refused to help the men of David 25:11-13
 - 1) the men of David were rejected by Nabal 25:11
 - 2) the men of David returned to David 25:12
 - 3) the men of David prepared to fight 25:13
 - c. Nabal did not know that his wife had heard what he did 25:14-17
 - 1) a young man told Abigail about David 25:14
 - 2) a young man said David's men never hurt them 25:15
 - 3) a young man said David's men protected them 25:16
 - 4) a young man said that Nabal was facing evil 25:17

	3.	Abigail met the needs of the men of David	25:18-31
25:18-22	a.	Abigail prepared food for David and his men	
		1) Abigail prepared the food	25:18
		2) Abigail hurried to meet David and his men	25:19-20
		3) Abigail wanted to calm the anger of David	25:21-22
	b.	Abigail proclaimed the foolishness of Nabal	25:23-25
25:23		1) Abigail showed her respect for David	
		2) Abigail asked David to listen to her	25:24
		3) Abigail said that Nabal was a worthless fellow	25:25
	c.	Abigail presented a message of encouragement	25:26-31
		1) the Lord had prevented David from shedding blood	25:26
		2) the Lord had used Abigail to bring food	25:27
		3) the Lord would defeat the enemies of David	25:28-29
		4) the Lord would make David the ruler	25:30-31
	4.	Abigail made a choice that protected her family	25:32-35
	a.	David blessed the Lord for sending Abigail	25:32
	b.	David blessed Abigail for her counsel	25:33-34
	c.	David received the gift that Abigail brought	25:35
	5.	Abigail told Nabal and he died	25:36-38
	a.	Nabal lived to satisfy himself only	25:36
	b.	Nabal had his heart die within him	25:37
	c.	Nabal was judged by the Lord	25:38
	6.	Abigail became the wife of David	25:39-44
	a.	David invited Abigail to become his wife	25:39-41
		1) David heard that God had plead his cause	25:39
		2) David sent messengers to ask Abigail to become his wife	25:40
		3) David saw the marriage proposal accepted	25:41
	b.	David experienced changes in his family	25:42-44
		1) David had Abigail become his wife	25:42
		2) David also took Ahinoam as his wife	25:43
		3) David learned that Michal had been given to another man	25:44

H.	David is protected by the Lord	26:1-27:12
1.	the Lord gave David a second opportunity to spare Saul	26:1-12
a.	Saul heard that the men of Ziph would help him destroy David	26:1
b.	Saul went to again try to destroy David	26:2-4
	1) Saul took three thousand chosen men	26:2
	2) Saul went into the wilderness after David	26:3
	3) Saul was seen by the spies of David	26:4
c.	Saul could have been killed by David	26:5-12
	1) David saw where Saul was sleeping	26:5
	2) David went down to where Saul was sleeping	26:6-7
	David took Abishai with him to the camp of Saul	26:6
	David came to the place where Saul was sleeping	26:7
	3) David was encouraged to kill Saul while he was sleeping	26:8
	4) David protected Saul as he was sleeping	26:9-12
	David refused to destroy Saul	26:9
	David left all judgment to the Lord	26:10
	David took the water and spear of Saul	26:11
	David was being protected by the Lord	26:12
2.	the Lord caused Saul to recognize he was spared	26:13-20
a.	David asked Abner why he failed to protect Saul	26:13-16
	1) David stood on a hill a great distance from Saul	26:13
	2) David called to Abner	26:14
	3) David asked Abner why he failed to protect the king	26:15
	4) David told Abner that he was worthy of death	26:16
b.	David had his voice recognized by Saul	26:17
c.	David asked Saul what he had done wrong	26:18-20
	1) David asked why he was being pursued	26:18
	2) David asked why he had been driven out	26:19
	3) David asked why Saul was chasing someone that was harmless	26:20

- 3. the Lord caused Saul to admit his guilt 26:21-25
 - a. David heard Saul admit that he had been a fool 26:21
 - b. David asked Saul to recognize that he honored the Lord 26:22-24
 - 1) David told Saul to send someone for his spear 26:22
 - 2) David told Saul we reap what we sow 26:23
 - 3) David told Saul that he would trust the Lord for deliverance 26:24
 - c. David heard Saul say that David would do great things 26:25
- 4. the Lord provided David a home in Ziklag 27:1-7
 - a. David failed to ask God what to do 27:1-4
 - 1) David trusted his own feelings and fears 27:1
 - 2) David and his men went to live among the Philistines 27:2
 - 3) David and his men took their families 27:3
 - 4) David was no longer chased by Saul 27:4
 - b. David requested permission to live among the Philistines 27:5-7
 - 1) David requested a town where his men could live 27:5
 - 2) David received the town of Ziklag 27:6
 - 3) David lived among the Philistines for 16 months 27:7
- 5. the Lord gave David victory in battle 27:8-12
 - a. David fought against some enemies of Israel 27:8-9
 - 1) these were nations that lived to the south 27:8
 - 2) these were completely destroyed by David 27:9
 - b. David lied to hide what he had done 27:10-11
 - 1) David said that he had fought against Judah 27:10
 - 2) David had killed everyone to hide what he had done 27:11
 - c. David was believed by Achish 27:12
- I. David was protected from fighting against Israel 28:1-29:11
 - 1. the Philistines planned to attack Saul 28:1-2
 - a. the Philistines prepared their armies to fight against Israel 28:1
 - b. the Philistines told David that he would be the bodyguard to the king 28:2

2.	the Philistines brought fear to Saul	28:3-25
a.	Saul no longer got answers from the Lord	28:3-6
	1) Saul could not turn to Samuel for counsel	28:3
	2) Saul gathered the armies of Israel together	28:4
	3) Saul saw the Philistines and was filled with fear	28:5
	4) Saul received no answer from the Lord	28:6
b.	Saul asked for help from the witch of Endor	28:7-14
	1) Saul asked his servants to find a medium	28:7
	2) Saul promised the woman she would face no harm	28:8-10
	Saul disguised himself so he would not be recognized	28:8
	Saul was accused of setting a trap	28:9
	Saul promised protection for the woman	28:10
	3) Saul was recognized by the woman	28:11-12
	Saul asked the woman to bring up Samuel	28:11
	Saul was asked why he tried to deceive the woman	28:12
	4) Saul asked the woman to describe what she saw	28:13-14
	the woman said she saw a divine being coming out of the earth	28:13
	the woman said he was an old man wrapped in a robe	28:14
c.	Saul learned that he would be killed in battle	28:15-20
	1) the spirit asked Saul why Saul had bothered him	28:15-16
	the spirit asked why he had been disturbed	28:15
	the spirit reminded Saul that the Lord had departed from him	28:16
	2) the spirit told Saul he would die	28:17-19
	Saul would have the kingdom taken from him	28:17
	Saul was reaping the results of his rebellion	28:18
	Saul would die on the battlefield the next day	28:19
	3) the spirit caused Saul to become more fearful	28:20
d.	Saul was filled with fear	28:21-25

1)	the woman saw that Saul was troubled	28:21
2)	the woman prepared food for Saul to eat	28:22-25
	the woman said she would prepare food	28:22
	the woman urged Saul to eat	28:23
	the woman prepared the food	28:24
	the woman gave Saul food before he left	28:25
3.	the Philistines would not let David go with them	29:1-11
a.	the Lord led the Philistines to distrust David	29:1-5
1)	David was present with the Philistines	29:1-2
	the Philistines gathered all of their armies together	29:1
	the Philistines had David and his men with them	29:2
2)	David was defended by Achish	29:3
3)	David was feared by the princes of the Philistines	29:4-5
	the princes were afraid David would turn against them	29:4
	the princes had heard the words of the people of Israel	29:5
b.	the Lord led the Philistines to tell David he would not fight	29:6-7
	Achish told David that he had been faithful	29:6
	Achish told David to return home in peace	29:7
c.	the Lord led the Philistines to send David home	29:8-11
1)	David questioned why he could not fight	29:8
2)	David learned that the princes feared him	29:9
3)	David was told to leave early in the morning	29:10
4)	David was obedient to the request of the Philistines	29:11
J.	David defeated those who conquered Ziklag	30:1-31
1.	the Amalekites destroyed Ziklag	30:1-2
a.	the enemies had burned the city with fire	30:1
b.	the enemies had taken the women and children as captives	30:2
2.	the Amalekites took everything	30:3-10
a.	David and his men were filled with sorrow	30:3-5
1)	David and his men saw the destruction	30:3

- 2) David and his men wept in their sorrow 30:4
- 3) David saw his wives had been taken as captives 30:5
- b. David encouraged himself in the Lord 30:6
- c. David sought the counsel of the Lord 30:7-10
 - 1) David asked the priest to bring the ephod 30:7
 - 2) David asked the Lord whether to pursue the enemy 30:8
 - 3) David was told to pursue the enemy 30:9-10
 - David left some of his men at Besor 30:9
 - David took four hundred men to pursue the enemy 30:10
- 3. the Amalekites did not care for their own 30:11-15
 - a. an Egyptian had been left in the field 30:11-13
 - 1) David gave the Egyptian bread and water 30:11
 - 2) David learned the Egyptian had eaten nothing for three days 30:12
 - 3) David learned the Egyptian had been left because of sickness 30:13
 - b. an Egyptian agreed to help David 30:14-15
 - 1) the Egyptian told how the Amalekites had burned Ziklag with fire 30:14
 - 2) the Egyptian said he would help if his life was spared 30:15
- 4. the Amalekites were defeated by David 30:16-20
 - a. David found the Amalekites celebrating 30:16
 - b. David destroyed most of the Amalekites 30:17
 - c. David recovered the things that had been stolen 30:18-20
 - 1) David rescued his wives 30:18
 - 2) David recovered all that had been taken 30:19
 - 3) David received the possessions of the Amalekites 30:20
- 5. the Amalekites had their possessions distributed by David 30:21-31
 - a. David shared equally with his men 30:21-25
 - 1) David returned to the men that had been left behind 30:21

2)	David heard the request of the worthless men	30:22
3)	David shared equally with all	30:23-25
	David reminded them that the Lord had given the victory	30:23
	David reminded them that the two hundred had guarded their possessions	30:24
	David established a new ordinance for Israel	30:25
b.	David sent gifts to others	30:26-31
1)	David sent spoils to friends in Judah	30:26
2)	David sent spoils to various cities	30:27-31
K.	David was not present when Saul was killed	31:1-13
1.	Saul was killed on the battlefield	31:1-6
a.	Saul and his sons were slain on the battlefield	31:1-2
1)	the Philistines caused the army of Israel to flee	31:1
2)	the Philistines killed the three sons of Saul	31:2
c.	Saul was wounded on the battlefield	31:3-4
1)	Saul was severely wounded on the battlefield	31:3
2)	Saul fell on his sword to commit suicide	31:4
c.	Saul died on the battlefield	31:5-6
1)	Saul had his armor bearer die with him	31:5
2)	Saul had much of the army of Israel die with him	31:6
2.	Saul was beheaded by the Philistines	31:7-10
a.	the Philistines captured many cities in Israel	31:7
b.	the Philistines found the body of Saul on the battlefield	31:8
c.	the Philistines cut off the head of Saul	31:9
d.	the Philistines attached the body of Saul to a wall	31:10
3.	Saul was buried by the men of Jabesh-gilead	31:11-13
a.	the men of Jabesh-gilead heard what had happened to Saul	31:11
b.	the men of Jabesh-gilead removed the body of Saul and burned it	31:12
c.	the men of Jabesh-gilead buried the bones of Saul	31:13

2 Samuel

I.	David became the king of Israel	1:1-5:5
A.	the Lord gave David word of the death of Saul	1:1-27
1.	David heard that Saul was dead	1:1-4
a.	David completed his slaughter of the Amalekites	1:1
b.	David had a messenger come from the battlefield	1:2
c.	David heard he had escaped from the battlefield	1:3
d.	David heard that Saul and Jonathan had died	1:4
2.	David heard an Amalekite say he had killed Saul	1:5-10
a.	the man was asked how he knew Saul and Jonathan died	1:5
b.	the man said he saw Saul lean on his spear	1:6
c.	the man said that Saul called to him	1:7
d.	the man told Saul he was an Amalekite	1:8
e.	the man said Saul asked the man to kill him	1:9
f.	the man brought proof he had killed Saul	1:10
3.	David had the Amalekite put to death	1:11-16
a.	David showed his sorrow over the death of Saul	1:11
b.	David and his men fasted until evening	1:12
c.	David was told again the man was an Amalekite	1:13
d.	David asked him why he destroyed the Lord's anointed	1:14
e.	David ordered the death of the Amalekite	1:15
f.	David said the Amalekite brought judgment on himself	1:16
4.	David mourned the death of Saul	1:17-24
a.	David showed his sorrow for the death of Saul	1:17
b.	David ordered Judah to learn to use the bow	1:18
c.	David said the glory of Israel was slain	1:19
d.	David did not want the Philistines to rejoice	1:20
e.	David asked that there would be no rain on the mountain	1:21
f.	David honored the fighting of Saul and Jonathan	1:22
g.	David said Saul and Jonathan were beloved	1:23
h.	David told the people to mourn for Saul	1:24
5.	David mourned the death of Jonathan	1:25-27
a.	David called Jonathan one of the mighty	1:25
b.	David had a great love for Jonathan	1:26
c.	David said a mighty man had fallen	1:27
B.	the Lord made David the king of Judah	2:1-7

1. David asked the Lord if he should go to Judah 2:1-3
 - a. David was told by the Lord to go to Hebron 2:1
 - b. David went to Hebron with his family 2:2
 - c. David had his men come with him to Hebron 2:3
2. David was anointed king by the men of Judah 2:4
3. David sent messengers to Jabesh-gilead 2:5-7
 - a. David thanked Jabesh-gilead for their kindness to Saul 2:5
 - b. David asked the Lord to show kindness to the city 2:6
 - c. David encouraged the men to be strong and valiant 2:7
- C. the Lord gave David victory over the household of Saul 2:8-4:12
 1. Ishbosheth became the king of Israel 2:8-11
 - a. Ishbosheth was taken to to the city of Mahanaim 2:8
 - b. Ishbosheth was anointed king of Israel 2:9
 - c. Ishbosheth was forty years old when he became king 2:10a
 - d. Ishbosheth was not followed by Judah 2:10b-11
 2. Ishbosheth made war against David 2:12-3:39
 - a. Abner brought his army against David 2:12-17
 - 1) Abner took his army to Gibeon 2:12
 - 2) Abner was met by the men of David 2:13
 - 3) Abner challenged them to a fight 2:14
 - 4) Abner chose twelve men to fight 2:15
 - 5) Abner saw all of the young men killed 2:16
 - 6) Abner led the army against David's men and lost 2:17
 - b. Abner killed Asahel when Asahel chased him 2:18-24
 - 1) Asahel was the younger brother of Joab 2:18
 - 2) Asahel pursued after Abner 2:19
 - 3) Asahel told Abner who he was 2:20
 - 4) Asahel was told to get some armor to fight 2:21
 - 5) Asahel was told he would be killed if he followed 2:22
 - 6) Asahel was killed by Abner 2:23
 - 7) Asahel was replaced by his brothers chasing Abner 2:24
 - c. Abner made a truce with the army of David 2:25-32
 - 1) Joab saw Abner gather the men of Benjamin to him 2:25
 - 2) Joab was asked if brothers should fight 2:26
 - 3) Joab said the battle would have ended by morning 2:27
 - 4) Joab blew the trumpet to stop the pursuit 2:28

- 5) Joab allowed the men of Abner to escape that night 2:29
 - 6) Joab had only lost 20 men 2:30
 - 7) Joab and his army killed 360 men 2:31
 - 8) Joab and his men returned to Hebron 2:32
- d. Abner was accused falsely by Ishbosheth 3:1-11
- 1) David had his family grow in Hebron 3:1-5
David grew strong and the house of Saul weaker 3:1
David had six sons born in Hebron 3:2-5
 - 2) Ishbosheth accuses Abner of sin 3:6-11
Abner made himself strong in the house of Saul 3:6
Abner was accused of sin by Ishbosheth 3:7
Abner was very angry at the accusation 3:8
Abner said he would help transfer the kingdom 3:9-10
Abner was feared by Ishbosheth 3:11
- e. Abner returned Michal to David 3:12-16
- 1) David received word that Abner wanted to help him 3:12
 - 2) David said that would only happen if he got his wife, Michal, back 3:13
 - 3) David requested Ishbosheth to send his wife 3:14-16
Ishbosheth received the request 3:14
Ishbosheth sent Michal to David 3:15-16
- f. Abner tried to lead Israel to follow David 3:17-21
- 1) Abner reminded the elders they had wanted David 3:17
 - 2) Abner said the time had come to follow David 3:18
 - 3) Abner talked with both sides 3:19
 - 4) Abner came to talk with David 3:20
 - 5) Abner said he would gather all Israel to David 3:21
- g. Abner was murdered by Joab 3:22-30
- 1) Joab said Abner was trying to deceive David 3:22-26
Joab came from a battle 3:22
Joab heard that Abner had visited David 3:23
Joab asked why David had sent Abner away 3:24
Joab said Abner came to deceive David 3:25
Joab sent messengers after Abner 3:26
 - 2) Joab murdered Abner 3:27-30
Joab took Abner aside and murdered him 3:27
Joab was told the blood would be on him 3:28-29
Joab and his brother killed Abner 3:30
- h. Abner was mourned by David 3:31-39
- 1) David showed his sorrow for the death of Abner 3:31-35

	David and his men tore their clothes	3:31
	David wept at the grave of Abner	3:32
	David expressed his sorrow for Abner	3:33
	David said Abner fell before wicked men	3:34
	David fasted to show his sorrow	3:35
2)	David had his actions noticed by the people	3:36-38
	the people were pleased by the actions of David	3:36
	the people realized David was not involved in the death of Abner	3:37
	the people heard a great prince had fallen	3:38
3)	David said God would judge the murderers	3:39
3.	Ishbosheth was murdered by his servants	4:1-12
a.	the nation of Israel had its hands become feeble	4:1-3
1)	Ishbosheth and Israel were now lacking power	4:1
2)	Ishbosheth had two servants from Beeroth	4:2
3)	Ishbosheth had many followers that fled	4:3
b.	the nation of Israel did not know a son of Jonathan lived	4:4
c.	the nation of Israel lost Ishbosheth as its leader	4:5-8
1)	the sons of Rimmon came to the house where Ishbosheth was resting	4:5
2)	the sons of Rimmon pretended to come for food	4:6
3)	the sons of Rimmon killed Ishbosheth	4:7
4)	the sons of Rimmon went and told David	4:8
d.	the nation of Israel learned that David judged the murderers	4:9-12
1)	David said the Lord had delivered Him	4:9
2)	David said he killed the man that killed Saul	4:10
3)	David said these men were just wicked murderers	4:11
4)	David ordered their death	4:12
D.	the Lord made David king of all Israel	5:1-5
1.	David saw the people of Israel come to him	5:1
2.	David was told that he led the people even when Saul was king	5:2
3.	David was anointed by the elders as king over Israel	5:3
4.	David ruled for a total of forty years	5:4
5.	David ruled over all Israel for thirty-three years	5:5
II	David rules the nation of Israel	5:6-10:19
A.	the Lord led David to make Jerusalem the capital	5:6-16

1. David made the city of Jerusalem his capital 5:6-10
 - a. Jerusalem was controlled by the Jebusites 5:6
 - b. Jerusalem had a stronghold called Zion that David captured 5:7
 - c. Jerusalem had a water shaft that gave access 5:8
 - d. Jerusalem was conquered and expanded 5:9
 - e. Jerusalem was where David ruled as he became great 5:10
2. David made an alliance with Hiram 5:11-12
 - a. David had a house built for him by Hiram 5:11
 - b. David recognized that it was the Lord that established him 5:12
3. David had his family grow after he moved to Jerusalem 5:13-16
 - a. David took more wives and concubines in Jerusalem 5:13
 - b. David had more sons born to him in Jerusalem 5:14-16
- B. the Lord gave David victory over the Philistines 5:17-25
 1. David asked the Lord if he should fight against the Philistines 5:17-21
 - a. the Philistines came to try to kill David 5:17
 - b. the Philistines gathered in the valley of Rephaim 5:18
 - c. the Philistines did not know that the Lord led David 5:19
 - d. the Philistines were defeated at Baal-perazim 5:20
 - e. the Philistines had their idols burned by David 5:21
 2. David defeated the Philistines a second time 5:22-25
 - a. David learned the Philistines were coming against him 5:22
 - b. David was told by the Lord to go behind the Philistines 5:23
 - c. David was told to fight when he heard marching 5:24
 - d. David won a great victory over the philistines 5:25
- C. the Lord led David to bring the ark to Jerusalem 6:1-23
 1. the ark was carried in the wrong way 6:1-5
 - a. David gathered the chosen men of Israel 6:1
 - b. David took the men to bring the ark to Jerusalem 6:2
 - c. David and the men put the ark on a cart 6:3
 - d. David got the ark from the house of Abinadab 6:4
 - e. David and the men celebrated with musical instruments 6:5
 2. the ark resulted in the death of Uzzah 6:6-11
 - a. David had Uzzah drive the cart with the ark 6:6
 - b. David saw Uzzah killed for touching the ark 6:7
 - c. David was angry to see Uzzah killed for touching the ark 6:8
 - d. David was afraid of the Lord that day 6:9

	e.	David took the ark to the house of Obed-edom	6:10
	f.	David left the ark there for three months	6:11
3.		the ark was carried the right way	6:12-16
	a.	David got the ark from the house of Obed-edom	6:12
	b.	David had men carry the ark the proper way	6:13
	c.	David danced before the ark with all his might	6:14
	d.	David brought up the ark with shouting	6:15
	e.	David was despised by Michal for his actions	6:16
4.		the ark caused great celebration by the people	6:17-19
	a.	David placed the ark in a tent that he pitched for it	6:17
	b.	David offered burnt offerings and peace offerings	6:18
	c.	David gave gifts to the people to celebrate	6:19
5.		the ark and celebration caused David to be rejected by Michal	6:20-23
	a.	David was told by Michal that he acted shamefully	6:20
	b.	David told Michal that he was worshiping the Lord	6:21
	c.	David said he did it to humble himself before God	6:22
	d.	David saw God judge the rejection of Michal	6:23
D.		the Lord made a covenant with David	7:1-29
1.		David had a desire to build a temple for God	7:1-3
	a.	David was given rest from his enemies	7:1
	b.	David said that he had a house but the ark only had a tent	7:2
	c.	David was told by Nathan to do what he wanted	7:3
2.		David was given a message through Nathan	7:4-11
	a.	Nathan was given a message for David	7:4
	b.	Nathan was to say the message was from the Lord	7:5
	c.	Nathan was to say God had not even had a building	7:6
	d.	Nathan said no one had wanted to build God a temple	7:7
	e.	Nathan was to remind David how the Lord chose him	7:8
	f.	Nathan was to remind David that the Lord made him great	7:9
	g.	Nathan said the Lord would appoint a place for His people	7:10
	h.	Nathan said the Lord would make David a house	7:11
3.		David was promised an everlasting throne	7:12-17
	a.	David was told God would establish his kingdom	7:12
	b.	David was told his son would build the house	7:13
	c.	David was told his son would be punished if he sinned	7:14
	d.	David was told God's mercy would never depart from his household	7:15
	e.	David was told his throne would be established forever	7:16

	f.	David was told all these things by Nathan	7:17
4.		David prayed and gave praise to the Lord	7:18-29
	a.	David said he knew he was just a servant	7:18-21
		1) David went and prayed to the Lord	7:18
		2) David realized God was speaking about the future	7:19
		3) David was so amazed he did not know what to say	7:20
		4) David realized he was just a servant	7:21
	b.	David expressed his praise for the greatness of God	7:22-26
		1) David said there was no one great like the Lord	7:22
		2) David said the Lord was great to Israel	7:23
		3) David said the Lord had chosen Israel as His people	7:24
		4) David prayed that the Lord would be magnified	7:25
		5) David realized his house would be established	7:26
7:27-29	c.	David asked the Lord to do as He said and bless him	
		1) David said the Lord promised to build his house	7:27
		2) David knew the promises of God are true	7:28
		3) David asked that the blessing of the Lord would be on his house forever	7:29
E.		the Lord expanded the kingdom of David	8:1-18
	1.	the Lord gave David victory over the Philistines and Moab	8:1-2
		a. David defeated the Philistines in battle	8:1
		b. David defeated Moab and they became servants	8:2
	2.	the Lord gave David victory over Zobah and the Syrians	8:3-8
		a. David defeated Hadadezer, the king of Zobah	8:3
		b. David took the chariots and horses of Hadadezer	8:4
		c. David defeated the Syrians when they came to help Hadadezer	8:5
		d. David placed garrisons (forts) throughout Syria	8:6
		e. David took the gold shields of Hadadezer	8:7
		f. David also took a large amount of bronze	8:8
	3.	the Lord gave David gifts from the king of Hamath	8:9-13
		a. David had his victories reported to Toi, king of Hamath	8:9
		b. David received gifts from Toi	8:10
		c. David dedicated those gifts to the Lord	8:11
		d. David received treasures from the nations he subdued	8:12
		e. David killed 18,000 Syrians in the Valley of Salt	8:13

- 4. the Lord gave David control over Edom 8:14-18
 - a. David conquered the nation of Edom 8:14
 - b. David ruled Israel with justice 8:15
 - c. David gave responsibilities to various men 8:16-18

- F. the Lord showed kindness to Mephibosheth through David 9:1-13
 - 1. Mephibosheth was the son of Jonathan 9:1-4
 - a. David wanted to show kindness to the family of Saul 9:1
 - b. David called Ziba the servant of Saul to speak to him 9:2
 - c. David learned that Jonathan has a son that was alive 9:3
 - d. David learned the son was living in Lo-debar 9:4

 - 2. Mephibosheth was shown kindness by David 9:5-8
 - a. David brought Mephibosheth from Lo-debar 9:5
 - b. David saw Mephibosheth do obeisance 9:6
 - c. David told Mephibosheth he would show kindness to him 9:7
 - d. David was shown respect by Mephibosheth 9:8

 - 3. Mephibosheth was provided for by David 9:9-13
 - a. David gave what had belonged to Saul to Mephibosheth 9:9
 - b. David appointed Ziba to care for Mephibosheth 9:10
 - c. David said Mephibosheth would eat at his table 9:11
 - d. David learned about Micha, the son of Mephibosheth 9:12
 - e. David had Mephibosheth eat regularly at his table 9:13

- G. the Lord gave victory over Ammon and Syria 10:1-19
 - 1. Ammon humiliated the messengers of David 10:1-5
 - a. Hanun became the king of Ammon when his father died 10:1
 - b. Hanun had servants of David come to comfort him 10:2
 - c. Hanun had servants that showed their lack of trust 10:3
 - d. Hanun humiliated the servants of David 10:4
 - e. Hanun caused the servants to experience great shame 10:5

 - 2. Ammon came to fight against David 10:6-10
 - a. Ammon hired 33,000 soldiers to fight against David 10:6
 - b. Ammon came to fight the mighty men of David 10:7
 - c. Ammon divided his soldiers from the hired soldiers 10:8
 - d. Ammon did not know when Joab put the choice men to fight the Syrians 10:9
 - e. Ammon had an army come against them led by Abishai 10:10

 - 3. Ammon and Syria were defeated by David 10:11-19

a.	the results of the the first battle	10:11-14
	1) Joab told his men how to help each other	10:11
	2) Joab told his men to be of good courage	10:12
	3) Joab caused the Syrians to flee from him	10:13
	4) Joab saw Ammon also flee from Abishai	10:14
b.	the results of the second battle	10:15-19
	1) Syria prepared to fight again	10:15
	2) Syria brought more soldiers to fight with them	10:16
	3) Syria set themselves to fight against David	10:17
	4) Syria fled from the army of David	10:18
	5) Syria was afraid to help Ammon any more	10:19
III.	David commits sin against God and man	11:1-27
A.	Uriah had his wife taken by David	11:1-5
	1. David remained in Jerusalem when his army went to fight	11:1
	2. David walked on his roof and saw a woman washing herself	11:2
	3. David found out the woman was the wife of Uriah	11:3
	4. David sent messengers to bring her to him and he lay with her	11:4
	5. David found out that Bathsheba had become pregnant	11:5
B.	Uriah did not know David was trying to cover his sin	11:6-13
	1. David called for Uriah to try and cover his sin	11:6
	2. David asked Uriah how the war was going	11:7
	3. David told Uriah to go home to his wife for the night	11:8
	4. David learned that Uriah did not go to his house	11:9
	5. David asked Uriah why he did not go to his house	11:10
	6. David learned that Uriah was a man of great integrity	11:11
	7. David had Uriah stay another night	11:12
	8. David got Uriah drunk to try and cover David's sin	11:13
C.	Uriah was set up for death	11:14-17
	1. Joab was sent a letter from David by the hand of Uriah	11:14
	2. Joab was told to let Uriah be killed in the battle	11:15
	3. Joab sent Uriah against the valiant men in the army of Ammon	11:16
	4. Joab made sure that Uriah was killed in battle	11:17
D.	Uriah was reported killed on the battlefield	11:18-21
	1. Joab sent word about the battle	11:18
	2. Joab told the messenger to report about the war	11:19
	3. Joab was told how to answer any questions of David	11:20
	4. Joab told the servant to tell David that Uriah had been killed	11:21

E.	Uriah had his death reported to David	11:22-25
	1. David heard the report of the messenger	11:22
	2. David heard how they followed the enemy to the gate	11:23
	3. David heard that Uriah had died	11:24
	4. David told the messenger to encourage Joab	11:25
F.	Uriah was mourned by Bathsheba before she became the wife of David	11:26-27
	1. Bathsheba heard that her husband had died and she mourned	11:26
	2. Bathsheba was taken as David's wife when her mourning ended	11:27
IV.	David experiences the consequences of his sin	12:1-20:26
A.	the consequences which David experienced immediately	12:1-31
	1. David was told a story by Nathan	12:1-6
	a. Nathan was sent to David by the Lord	12:1
	b. Nathan told David about a rich man and a poor man	12:2
	c. Nathan told how the poor man had only one lamb	12:3
	d. Nathan told how the rich man took the lamb of the poor man to feed his visitor	12:4
	e. Nathan saw David become angry and say the rich man should die	12:5
	f. Nathan heard David say the rich man had shown no pity	12:6
	2. David heard that he was the guilty person	12:7-12
	a. Nathan told David that he was the guilty man	12:7
	b. Nathan told David that the Lord had blessed him greatly	12:8
	c. Nathan told David that he had killed Uriah	12:9
	d. Nathan told David that the sword would never depart from his house	12:10
	e. Nathan told David that one from his own house would lie with his wives	12:11
	f. Nathan told David he did his sin in secret but his shame would be very public	12:12
	3. David heard that his child would die	12:13-14
	a. David said he had sinned against the Lord	12:13
	b. David had caused his enemies to blaspheme the Lord	12:14
	4. David heard that his child had died	12:15-19
	a. David saw the Lord strike the child with sickness	12:15
	b. David prayed and fasted for the child	12:16
	c. David refused to eat when asked	12:17
	d. David was not told when the child died	12:18

e.	David asked his servants if the child had died	12:19
5.	David had hope for the future	12:20-23
a.	David got up, washed himself and went to worship God	12:20
b.	David was asked why he began to eat once the child died	12:21
c.	David said he had prayed that the Lord would show mercy	12:22
d.	David looked forward to seeing his son in the resurrection	12:23
6.	David was blessed with the birth of Solomon	12:24-25
a.	David comforted Bathsheba and God gave them Solomon	12:24
b.	David heard Nathan called the son “Beloved of the Lord”	12:25
7.	David experienced victory at Rabbah	12:26-31
a.	David heard that Joab had fought against Rabbah	12:26
b.	David heard Joab had taken the water supply of the city	12:27
c.	David was told to gather all Israel and conquer Rabbah	12:28
d.	David led the people and conquered Rabbah	12:29
e.	David had the crown of Ammon placed on his head	12:30
f.	David made the people of Ammon his servants	12:31
B.	the consequences in the life of Ammon and Tamar	13:1-39
1.	Ammon had a great desire for Tamar	13:1-5
a.	Ammon had a lustful love for his sister Tamar	13:1
b.	Ammon became sick with his lustful desires	13:2
c.	Ammon had a subtle friend named Jonadab	13:3
d.	Ammon told Jonadab of his lust for Tamar	13:4
e.	Ammon was told how to satisfy his lust by Jonadab	13:5
2.	Ammon used a trick to rape Tamar	13:6-14
a.	Ammon prepared his plan to rape Tamar	13:6-10
1)	Ammon played sick and asked if Tamar could bring him food	13:6
2)	Ammon got David to send Tamar to fix the food	13:7
3)	Ammon waited while she prepared the food	13:8
4)	Ammon asked all the men to leave	13:9
5)	Ammon asked Tamar to bring the food to him	13:10
b.	Ammon used his strength to rape Tamar	13:11-14
1)	Tamar was grabbed by Ammon and he asked her to lie with him	13:11
2)	Tamar asked Ammon not to rape her	13:12
3)	Tamer told Ammon to ask for her in marriage	13:13
4)	Tamar was raped instead by Ammon	13:14

3. Ammon had his lust turn to hate 13:15-18
 - a. Tamar was told to leave once Ammon raped her 13:15
 - b. Tamar told Ammon that would make his evil worse 13:16
 - c. Tamar was put out of the house by the servant of Ammon 13:17
 - d. Tamar had the clothing of a virgin daughter 13:18
4. Ammon brought great shame to Tamar 13:19-20
 - a. Tamar tore the clothing to show she had been raped 13:19
 - b. Tamer was not comforted by her brother Absalom 13:20
5. Ammon was hated by Absalom for what he had done 13:21-22
 - a. David was very angry when he heard what Ammon had done 13:21
 - b. David did not know that Absalom hated Ammon for what he had done 13:22
6. Ammon was murdered by Absalom 13:23-39
 - a. Absalom got Ammon away from Jerusalem 13:23-27
 - 1) Absalom planned his revenge for two years 13:23
 - 2) Absalom invited the king's family to go with him 13:24
 - 3) Absalom heard that the king could not go 13:25
 - 4) Absalom asked if Ammon could go instead 13:26
 - 5) Absalom pressured David to let Ammon go 13:27
 - b. Absalom had his servants kill Ammon 13:28-29
 - 1) Absalom got Ammon drunk so he could kill him 13:28
 - 2) Absalom had his servants kill Ammon when he was drunk 13:29
 - c. Absalom returned to Jerusalem 13:30-36
 - 1) David heard that Absalom killed all of his sons 13:30
 - 2) David tore his clothes to show his sorrow 13:31
 - 3) David was told by Jonadab that Absalom had planned the death of Ammon 13:32
 - 4) David was told that only Ammon was killed 13:33
 - 5) David had the guards tell him many people were coming 13:34
 - 6) David had Jonadab say it was as he said 13:35
 - 7) David and his whole family wept 13:36
 - d. Absalom was forced to flee 13:37-39
 - 1) Absalom fled to the king of Geshur 13:37

	2)	Absalom was there for three years	13:38
	3)	Absalom was longed for by David	13:39
C.		the consequences continued although David forgave Absalom	14:1-33
1.		Joab had a plan to bring back Absalom	14:1-20
	a.	a wise woman was brought to Joab	14:1-3
		1) Joab saw the king wanted Absalom to come home	14:1
		2) Joab got a wise woman to pretend to be a mourner	14:2
		3) Joab told the woman what to tell the king	14:3
	b.	a wise woman told a story to David	14:4-11
		1) the woman spoke to the king and asked for help	14:4
		2) the woman said that she was a widow woman	14:5
		3) the woman said one of her sons killed her other son	14:6
		4) the woman said the family wanted the other son killed and that would leave her no children	14:7
		5) the woman heard David would give orders regarding her	14:8
		6) the woman asked to let the sin be on her	14:9
		7) the woman heard the king would protect her	14:10
		8) the woman heard her son would not die	14:11
	c.	a wise woman asked David why he had banished his son	14:12-17
		1) the woman asked to say one more thing	14:12
		2) the woman asked why the king did not bring home his banished son	14:14
		3) the woman said that she had come to the king to speak about his son	14:15
		4) the woman asked the king to deliver her and her son	14:16
		5) the woman asked that David would make wise discernment	14:17
	d.	a wise woman was told that Joab was speaking through her	14:18-20
		1) David made the woman promise to answer him	14:18
		2) David asked if Joab sent her	14:19
		3) the woman said Joab sent her	14:20
2.		Joab was told to bring Absalom back to Jerusalem	14:21-24
	a.	David told Joab to bring Absalom back	14:21
	b.	David said he would fulfill the request of Joab	14:22
	c.	David sent Joab to get Absalom	14:23
	d.	David said he would not see Absalom	14:24

- 3. Joab brought Absalom to David 14:25-33
 - a. Absalom was very handsome 14:25-27
 - 1) Absalom was beautiful from head to foot 14:25
 - 2) Absalom had long heavy hair 14:26
 - 3) Absalom had three sons and a daughter 14:27
 - b. Absalom burned the field of Joab 14:28-30
 - 1) Absalom did not see his father after he came back for two full years 14:28
 - 2) Absalom sent for Joab two different times 14:29
 - 3) Absalom told his servant to burn the field of Joab 14:30
 - c. Absalom was brought to David by Joab 14:31-33
 - 1) Joab asked why the servants of Absalom burned his field 14:31
 - 2) Joab was told by Absalom to bring him to David 14:32
 - 3) Joab brought Absalom to the king 14:33
- D. the consequences include the rebellion of Absalom 15:1-18:33
 - 1. Absalom revolts against David 15:1-37
 - a. David did not know what Absalom was doing 15:1-6
 - 1) Absalom prepared runners to go before him 15:1
 - 2) Absalom sat by the gate to meet people in need 15:2
 - 3) Absalom told these people the king had no one to help them 15:3
 - 4) Absalom said that he wished he was a judge so that he could help them 15:4
 - 5) Absalom kissed the hand of those who came near 15:5
 - 6) Absalom stole the hearts of the people 15:6
 - b. David did not know that Absalom was rebelling 15:7-12
 - 1) Absalom said he was going to pay a vow in Hebron 15:7
 - 2) Absalom said this vow was to serve the Lord 15:8
 - 3) Absalom was told to go in peace 15:9
 - 4) Absalom actually sent spies throughout the land 15:10
 - 5) Absalom took 200 men that did not know what he was doing 15:11
 - 6) Absalom had developed a strong conspiracy 15:12
 - c. David was forced to flee 15:13-23
 - 1) David and his servants fled from Jerusalem 15:13-18

	David was told of the rebellion	15:13
	David and his servants fled from Jerusalem	15:14
	David heard his servants would do what he wanted	15:15
	David left ten concubines in his house	15:16
	David and the people traveled a great distance	15:17
	David was followed by those loyal to him	15:18
2)	David had Ittai choose to go with him	15:19-23
	David told Ittai he was a foreigner	15:19
	David told Ittai he had just joined David	15:20
	David heard Ittai would be a faithful servant	15:21
	David let Ittai and those with him go along	15:22
	David headed for the wilderness	15:23
d.	David sent the ark back to Jerusalem	15:24-30
1)	David saw that the priests were bringing the ark	15:24
2)	David said to keep the ark in the city	15:25
3)	David was trusting the Lord for his life	15:26
4)	David recognized the priest as a prophet	15:27
5)	David said he would wait for word from Zadok	15:28
6)	David saw the priests go back into the city	15:29
7)	David went with sorrow and mourning	15:30
e.	David sent Hushai back to Jerusalem	15:31-37
1)	David prayed that the Lord would stop the counsel of Ahithophel	15:31
2)	David saw Hushai come to meet him	15:32
3)	David told Hushai he would be a burden	15:33
4)	David told Hushai how he could defeat the counsel of Ahithophel	15:34
5)	David said the priests were helping him	15:35
6)	David said he could send a message with the sons of Zadok	15:36
7)	David saw Hushai return to the city	15:37
2.	Absalom becomes king and enters Jerusalem	16:1-23
a.	David is deceived by Ziba	16:1-4
1)	Ziba came bringing food and a donkey to David	16:1
2)	Ziba said the food was for the king	16:2
3)	Ziba lied about Mephibosheth	16:3
4)	Ziba was given the land of Mephibosheth	16:4
b.	David is cursed by Shimei	16:5-14
1)	David was treated evilly by Shimei	16:5-8

	Shimei was cursed continually by Shimei	16:5
	Shimei threw stones at David	16:6
	Shimei called David a bloody and worthless man	16:7
	Shimei called David an evil person	16:8
2)	David had an offer from Abishai to kill Shimei	16:9
3)	David told Abishai to let Shimei curse	16:10-12
	David said to let Shimei continue to curse	16:10
	David said to let Shimei alone	16:11
	David said the Lord would look on his affliction	16:12
4)	David continued to go as Shimei cursed him	16:13
5)	David and those with him grew weary	16:14
c.	David has Hushai in a place to help him	16:15-19
	1) Absalom came into the city	16:15
	2) Absalom saw Hushai recognize him as king	16:16
	3) Absalom asked Hushai why he did not go with David	16:17
	4) Absalom heard Hushai was there to serve Israel	16:18
	5) Absalom heard Hushai would serve him	16:19
d.	David has his concubines raped by Absalom	16:20-23
	1) Absalom asked Ahithophel for counsel	16:20
	2) Absalom was told to rape the concubines of David	16:21
	3) Absalom did this on the roof so all could see	16:22
	4) Absalom trusted the counsel of Ahithophel	16:23
3.	Absalom is given advice by Ahithophel	17:1-23
a.	Ahithophel suggested that he immediately pursue David	17:1-4
	1) Absalom heard that Ahithophel wanted to pursue David that night	17:1
	2) Absalom was told by Ahithophel that he would fight David while he was weak and weary	17:2
	3) Absalom was told by Ahithophel that he would bring the people back to Absalom	17:3
	4) Absalom thought that was good advice	17:4
b.	Ahithophel had his advice countered by Hushai	17:5-14
	1) Hushai was asked about the counsel of Ahithophel	17:5-7
	Absalom wanted to hear what Hushai would say	17:5
	Absalom told Hushai what Ahithophel had said	17:6

	Absalom heard the counsel of Ahithophel was not good	17:7
2)	Hushai reminded Absalom what his father was like	17:8-10
	Hushai said David and his men were mighty	17:8
	Hushai said David would be hidden by now	17:9
	Hushai said David and his men were valiant	17:10
3)	Hushai suggested Absalom gather all Israel to him	17:11-13
	Hushai suggested Absalom gather the whole nation	17:11
	Hushai said they could then conquer David	17:12
	Hushai said they would defeat the city if a city helped him	17:13
4)	Hushai had his advice accepted by Absalom	17:14
c.	Ahithophel had his advice passed on to David	17:15-22
1)	Hushai told the priests about his counsel	17:15
2)	Hushai told the priests to have David flee quickly	17:16
3)	Hushai had his message passed to the sons of the priests	17:17-22
	the sons had stayed in Enrogel	17:17
	the sons had to flee to Bahurum	17:18
	the sons were hidden in a well	17:19
	the sons were not found by Absalom's servants	17:20
	the sons went quickly to tell David	17:21
	the sons' report caused David to cross the Jordan	17:22
d.	Ahithophel commits suicide	17:23
4.	Absalom pursues David	17:24-29
a.	David was pursued by Absalom	17:24-26
1)	Absalom crossed the Jordan as he chased David	17:24
2)	Absalom made Amasa his captain	17:25
3)	Absalom camped in the land of Gilead	17:26
b.	David was befriended in Mahanaim	17:27-29
1)	David saw some men show him kindness	17:27
2)	David saw those men bring needed supplies	17:28
3)	David and those with him had their needs met	17:29
5.	Absalom is killed on the battlefield	18:1-18

- a. Joab was told to show kindness to Absalom 18:1-5
 - 1) David organized the people that were with him 18:1
 - 2) David divided the people into three armies 18:2
 - 3) David was told not to go with the armies 18:3
 - 4) David agreed to do what the people said 18:4
 - 5) David told the leaders to be kind to Absalom 18:5

- b. Joab heard that Absalom was hanging by his hair 18:6-10
 - 1) Joab and the other men went out to battle Absalom 18:6
 - 2) Joab and the other men killed many people 18:7
 - 3) Joab saw the people completely scattered 18:8
 - 4) Joab had one of his men see Absalom hanging by his hair 18:9
 - 5) Joab was told what the man had seen 18:10

- c. Joab murdered Absalom 18:11-17
 - 1) Joab asked the man why he did not kill Absalom 18:11
 - 2) Joab was reminded of the words of the king 18:12
 - 3) Joab heard the consequence of disobeying David 18:13
 - 4) Joab threw three spears through the heart of Absalom 18:14
 - 5) Joab had his young men kill Absalom 18:15
 - 6) Joab stopped the people from fighting any more 18:16
 - 7) Joab had them throw the body of Absalom in a pit 18:17

6. Absalom had named a pillar after himself 18:18

7. Absalom brought great sorrow to David 18:19-33
 - a. David had men come to bring him news about Absalom 18:19-23
 - 1) Joab was asked by Ahimaaz if he could take the news 18:19
 - 2) Joab told Ahimaaz he could not go that day 18:20
 - 3) Joab sent a Cushite to take the news 18:21
 - 4) Joab was asked by Ahimaaz if he could go also 18:22
 - 5) Joab allowed Ahimaaz to go 18:23

 - b. David was told that two messengers were coming 18:24-29
 - 1) David was waiting for a messenger to come 18:24
 - 2) David heard a runner was coming 18:25
 - 3) David heard a second runner was coming 18:26
 - 4) David heard the first man was Ahimaaz 18:27
 - 5) David heard that all was well 18:28
 - 6) David asked if Absalom was safe 18:29

c.	David hears about the death of Absalom	18:30-32
1)	David asked Ahimaaz to wait for the second runner	18:30
2)	David heard that he had been avenged	18:31
3)	David heard that Absalom was dead	18:32
d.	David mourns the death of Absalom	18:33
E.	the consequences include division in Israel	19:1-20:26
1.	David was told it was wrong to mourn	19:1-7
a.	Joab heard that David was mourning for Absalom	19:1
b.	Joab saw that the people were also mourning	19:2
c.	Joab saw that the people were going about quietly	19:3
d.	Joab saw David crying for his son	19:4
e.	Joab told David he was making the people ashamed	19:5
f.	Joab told David he was treating his people wrong	19:6
g.	Joab told David to go speak kindly to the people	19:7
2.	David was brought back across the Jordan	19:8-15
a.	David sat at the gate and talked with the people	19:8
b.	David had to live with uncertainty among the people	19:9-10
1)	the people of Israel were in conflict among themselves	19:9
2)	the people of Israel said they should restore David	19:10
c.	David sent a message to the priests and people	19:11-15
1)	David asked the elders of Judah why they were not bringing him back	19:11
2)	David reminded them they were his brethren	19:12
3)	David asked Amasa to become his commander	19:13
4)	David was asked by the men of Judah to return	19:14
5)	David was met by the people at the Jordan	19:15
3.	David was asked for mercy by Shimei	19:16-23
a.	Shimei came down to meet David	19:16
b.	Shimei was part of a much larger group	19:17
c.	Shimei fell down before David when he crossed the river	19:18
d.	Shimei asked David to forget what Shimei said to him	19:19
e.	Shimei said that he knew he had sinned	19:20
f.	Shimei had those who wanted to kill him	19:21
g.	Shimei heard that David was not going to kill anyone	19:22
h.	Shimei heard the king say he would live that day	19:23
4.	David was met by Mephibosheth	19:24-30

- a. Mephibosheth showed that he had been in mourning 19:24
 - b. Mephibosheth was asked why he had not gone with David 19:25
 - c. Mephibosheth said that his servant had deceived him 19:26
 - d. Mephibosheth said that his servant had slandered him 19:27
 - e. Mephibosheth recognized the kindness David showed him 19:28
 - f. Mephibosheth had part of his land restored 19:29
 - g. Mephibosheth was just thankful the king came back 19:30
5. David rewarded the kindness of Barzillai 19:31-40
- a. Barzillai came to meet David 19:31-32
 - 1) Barzillai crossed over the Jordan with David 19:31
 - 2) Barzillai was 80 years old 19:32
 - b. Barzillai was invited to come to Jerusalem 19:33-36
 - 1) Barzillai was invited to come to Jerusalem 19:33
 - 2) Barzillai said he did not have long to live 19:34
 - 3) Barzillai said he was old and would be a burden 19:35
 - 4) Barzillai said he would go just a little way 19:36
 - c. Barzillai asked David to take Chimham instead 19:37-40
 - 1) David heard Barzillai suggest Chimham go instead 19:37
 - 2) David said he would do whatever Barzillai asked 19:38
 - 3) David kissed Barzillai and blessed him 19:39
 - 4) David took Chimham with him 19:40
6. David saw division between Israel and Judah 19:41-43
- a. David heard the men of Israel accuse the men of Judah 19:41
 - b. David saw the anger of the men of Judah 19:42
 - c. David saw conflict develop between the two groups 19:43
7. David experienced a rebellion led by Sheba 20:1-2
- a. Sheba led a rebellion by the men of Israel 20:1
 - b. Sheba got the men of Israel to follow him 20:2
8. David no longer had relationships with his ten concubines 20:3
9. David lost a good leader named Amasa 20:4-13
- a. Joab saw Amasa assigned to gather the troops 20:4-5
 - 1) Amasa was told to gather Judah to fight Sheba 20:4
 - 2) Amasa went to assemble the men of Judah 20:5
 - b. Joab and Abishai led the troops after Sheba 20:6-7

	1)	Abishai was told to pursue Sheba	20:6
	2)	Abishai had all the mighty men go with him	20:7
	c.	Joab murdered Amasa	20:8-13
	1)	Amasa met Joab at the great stone of Gibeon	20:8
	2)	Amasa was given a kiss by Joab	20:9
	3)	Amasa was killed by Joab	20:10
	4)	Amasa was laying in his blood by the road	20:11-12
	5)	Amasa was moved out of the road	20:13
10.		David saw Sheba put to death	20:14-26
	a.	Joab and his men followed Sheba to Beth Machah	20:14-15
	1)	Joab followed Sheba to Bethmachah	20:14
	2)	Joab and his men tried to batter down the wall	20:15
	b.	Joab has a wise women from the city call to him	20:16-19
	1)	the woman asked Joab to come and speak to her	20:16
	2)	the woman asked Joab to listen to her words	20:17
	3)	the woman said counsel given at Abel was accepted	20:18
	4)	the woman said she and others were peaceable	20:19
	c.	Joab told the woman to deliver Sheba to him	20:20-22
	1)	Joab said that he did not want to destroy the city	20:20
	2)	Joab said Sheba was rebelling against David	20:21
	3)	Joab received the head of Sheba from the people	20:22
	d.	Joab was the leader of the military	20:23-26
	1)	the leaders of the military are listed	20:23
	2)	the leaders of the forced labor are listed	20:24
	3)	the leaders of the ministry are listed	20:25
	4)	the leader who assisted David is listed	20:26
V.		David concludes his reign as king	21:1-24:25
	A.	the Lord led David to make restitution to the Gibeonites	21:1-14
	1.	the Gibeonites had part of their people killed by Saul	21:1-2
	a.	Saul had broken a treaty and killed some Gibeonites	21:1
	b.	Saul did not honor the promise of Israel to them	21:2
	2.	the Gibeonites asked for the death of seven of the descendents of Saul	21:3-9

a.	David asked the Gibeonites what to do to make it right	21:3
b.	David was told the Gibeonites did not want money	21:4
c.	David heard their conflict was with Saul and his family	21:5
d.	David heard that they wanted seven descendents of Saul	21:6
e.	David chose to spare Mephibosheth	21:7
f.	David delivered seven other sons to the Gibeonites	21:8
g.	David allowed the seven to be hanged	21:9
3.	the Gibeonites saw sorrow come to Saul's family	21:10-14
a.	David learned about the sorrow of one wife of Saul	21:10-11
b.	David went and got the bones of Saul and Jonathan	21:12
c.	David also got the bones of those that were hanged	21:13
d.	David buried all of these bones	21:14
B.	the Lord gave some final victories over the Philistines	21:15-22
1.	David grew faint on the battlefield	21:15
2.	David saw his servants kill the four sons of Goliath	21:16-22
a.	the first son was Ishbibenob	21:16-17
1)	Ishbibenob was going to try to kill David	21:16
2)	Ishbibenob was killed by Abishai	21:17
b.	the second son, Saph, was killed by Sibbecai	21:18
c.	the third son was killed by Elnathan	21:19
d.	the fourth son was a very tall giant	21:20-22
1)	this son had extra toes and fingers	21:20
2)	this son was killed by Jonathan	21:21
3)	this son was the last of the sons of Goliath	21:22
C.	the Lord gave David a song of deliverance	22:1-51
1.	David spoke this song to the Lord	22:1-3
a.	the song was given after David defeated all his enemies	22:1
b.	the song spoke of the fact that God is the deliverer	22:2
c.	the song spoke of the fact that God is a savior	22:3
2.	David looked to the Lord for deliverance	22:4-7
a.	David looked to the Lord to save him from his enemies	22:4
b.	David told how men had caused him to fear	22:5
c.	David spoke of the sorrow that he experienced	22:6
d.	David knew that the Lord heard him when he cried	22:7

	3.	David spoke of how the Lord shows His power	22:8-16
		a. the Lord shakes the earth	22:8
		b. the Lord causes the volcanoes	22:9
		c. the Lord is over the heavens and the earth	22:10
		d. the Lord sends the wind	22:11
		e. the Lord sends the thick clouds	22:12
		f. the Lord sends the thunder	22:13-14
		g. the Lord sends the lightning	22:15
		h. the Lord shows His control over all the earth	22:16
	4.	David spoke of the integrity of his character	22:17-24
		a. David knew that the Lord led him	22:17
		b. David knew the Lord delivered him from his enemies	22:18
		c. David said the Lord was his stay in the day of calamity	22:19
		d. David said the Lord delivered him and delighted in him	22:20
		e. David said the Lord rewarded his righteousness	22:21
		f. David said he had kept the ways of the Lord	22:22
		g. David said he obeyed the commands of the Lord	22:23
		h. David said he was upright before the Lord	22:24
	5.	David spoke of the way that the Lord rewards	22:25-28
		a. the Lord rewards the righteous	22:25
22:26		b. the Lord shows mercy to the merciful	
		c. the Lord shows Himself pure to the pure	22:27
		d. the Lord saves those who are afflicted	22:28
	6.	David spoke of his relationship to the Lord	22:29-37
		a. the Lord gave him light in his darkness	22:29
		b. the Lord gave him strength	22:30
		c. the Lord is a shield to those who trust in him	22:31
		d. the Lord is a rock	22:32
		e. the Lord was David's strength and power	22:33
		f. the Lord set David on high places	22:34
		g. the Lord taught David how to fight	22:35
		h. the Lord had given David salvation	22:36
		i. the Lord had kept his feet from slipping	22:37
	7.	David spoke of how the Lord had guided him	22:38-42
		a. David had pursued and destroyed his enemies	22:38
		b. David had seen his enemies consumed	22:39
		c. David had been given strength to subdue the enemies	22:40
		d. David was given power to destroy his enemies	22:41
		e. David said his enemies had no one to save them	22:42
	8.	David spoke of how the Lord gave him victory	22:43-46

	a.	David was able to make the enemies like the dust	22:43
	b.	David said the Lord kept him as head of the nation	22:44
	c.	David said that foreigners would hear and submit	22:45
	d.	David said foreigners would not come against him	22:46
9.		David spoke of his praise to the Lord	22:47-51
	a.	the Lord is the One that gives salvation	22:47
	b.	the Lord is the One that avenges	22:48
	c.	the Lord is the One that delivers	22:49
	d.	the Lord is the One who deserves all praise	22:50
	e.	the Lord shows mercy to His anointed	22:51
D.		the Lord records the last public words of David	23:1-7
	1.	David said the Lord raised him up	23:1
	2.	David said the Spirit spoke by him	23:2
	3.	David said God made it possible for him to rule	23:3
	4.	David said that God is the One who gives light	23:4
	5.	David said that God gave him an everlasting covenant	23:5
	6.	David said that the Lord judges worthless men	23:6
	7.	David said God used men to judge the worthless man	23:7
E.		the Lord gives a summary of David's mighty men	23:8-39
23:8	1.	Josheb-Basshebeth slew 800 men at one time	
	2.	Eleazar was one of David's three mighty men who defied the Philistines	23:9-10
	3.	Shammah defended a plot of ground against the Philistines	23:11-12
	4.	David had three mighty men go with him against the Philistines	23:13-23
	a.	David saw these men come to him at the cave of Adullam	23:13
	b.	David knew the Philistines were in Bethlehem	23:14
	c.	David longed for the water of Bethlehem	23:15
	d.	David saw the three get water from Bethlehem	23:16
	e.	David gave that water as a drink offering to the Lord	23:17
	f.	Abishai slew three hundred men	23:18-19
	g.	Benaiah won several great battles	23:20-23
	5.	the list of the other mighty men	23:24-39
F.		the Lord shows His mercy to David	24:1-25
	1.	David decided to count the people	24:1-4
	a.	David was moved to count the people	24:1

- b. David told Joab to go and count the people 24:2
 - c. David was asked by Joab why he wanted to count them 24:3
 - d. David told Joab to just do it 24:4
2. David had Joab count the people 24:5-9
- a. Joab went across the Jordan 24:5
 - b. Joab went through Gilead 24:6
 - c. Joab then went from north to south 24:7
 - d. Joab took 9 months and 20 days to do this 24:8
 - e. Joab said there were 800,000 in Israel and 500,000 in Judah 24:9
3. David felt guilt about counting the people 24:10-14
- a. David realized that he had sinned against the Lord 24:10
 - b. David was given a message by Gad, the prophet 24:11
 - c. David was given the choice of three different consequences 24:12
 - d. David had the three consequences explained by Gad 24:13
 - e. David said he wanted to be judged by the Lord 24:14
4. David asked the Lord to be his judge 24:15-17
- a. David saw 70,000 people die from the plague 24:15
 - b. David saw the Lord stop the death angel 24:16
 - c. David confessed his sin to the Lord 24:17
5. David saw the Lord show mercy 24:18-25
- a. David was told where to build an altar 24:18
 - b. David did what the Lord commanded 24:19
 - c. David went to the threshing floor of Araunah 24:20
 - d. David said he wanted to buy the threshing floor to build an altar to the Lord 24:21
 - e. David was offered the threshing floor and also sacrifices 24:22
 - f. David heard that these would be a gift 24:23
 - g. David said he could not sacrifice what cost him nothing 24:24
 - h. David offered burnt offerings and the Lord stopped the plague 24:25

